institution Apresyan (En-Ru)

[/insti'tju:[(ə)n] n

1. 1) установление, учреждение, введение

the institution of customs and rules - введение обычаев и правил

- 2) церк. установление чина таинств
- 3) церк. облечение (духовной властью)
- 2. 1) общество; организация

literary institution - литературноеобъединение

- 2) учебное заведение; детское, лечебное, благотворительноеи т. п. учреждение
- 3. 1) институт, установление

the institution of marriage - институт брака

2) обыкн. шутл. обычай, порядок, норма поведения; непременный атрибут  $u\ m$ . n.

giving presents on smb.'s birthday is an institution - ко дню рождения принято дарить подарки

### institution

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

in·sti·tu·tion AW [institution institutions] BrE [ˌɪnstɪˈtju□□]n NAmE [ˌɪnstɪˈtu□□]n

noun

- 1. countable a large important organization that has a particular purpose, for example, a university or bank
  - an educational /financial, etc. institution
  - the Smithsonian Institution
- 2. countable (usually disapproving) a building where people with special needs are taken care of, for example because they are old or mentally ill
  - · a mental institution
  - We want this to be like a home, not an institution.
- 3. countable a custom or system that has existed for a long time among a particular group of people
  - · the institution of marriage
- 4. uncountable the act of starting or introducing sth such as a system or a law
  - the institution of new safety procedures
- 5. countable (informal, humorous) a person who is well known because they have been in a particular place or job for a long time
- You must know him— he's an institution around here!

#### Word Origin:

late Middle English (in senses 3 and 4): via Old French from Latin institutio(n-), from the verb instituere, from in- 'in, towards' + statuere 'set up'. Sense 1 dates from the early 18th cent.

### Thesaurus:

## institution noun

**1.** C

Loans to financial institutions were disguised as investments.

institute · · organization · |BrE centre · |AmE center ·

a/an institution/institute/organization/centre for sth

a private institution/organization

a government institution/institute/organization

a research/training institution/institute/organization/centre

**Institution or institute? Institution** can refer to a range of organizations; **institute** usually refers to a particular organization or its building

- · financial/academic institutions
- the Dundee Institute of Technology
- 2. C (sometimes disapproving)
  - · He spent years in a mental institution.

home · · orphanage ·

live in a/an institution/home/orphanage

move to an institution/a home

### Example Bank:

- · American laws once protected the institution of slavery.
- Fish and chips became a national institution in Britain.
- Football is a national institution in this country.
- · He claimed this threatened 'the sacred institution of marriage'.
- · He was released from the state institution where he had been confined for four years.
- Many people with dementia would rather remain at home than be placed in an institution.
- Parliament remains the central institution of the constitution of the United Kingdom.
- The College is one of the most prestigious medical institutions in the country.
- The state built institutions for those who were considered insane.
- These changes threaten some of our most cherished institutions.
- These values are embedded in mainstream social institutions.
- They are studying ways to reform government institutions.
- They argue for the reform of existing political institutions.
- We need to create institutions that benefit our community.

- a course at an institution of higher education
- an institution for mentally ill offenders
- cultural institutions such as religious and legal codes
- · cultural institutions such as the Danish Institute
- examination procedures within educational institutions
- patients in mental institutions
- the central institutions of the nation's constitution
- young people who attend higher-education institutions
- The deal is backed by one of the country's largest financial institutions.
- The system is targeted mainly at academic and research institutions.
- They had him committed to a mental institution.

### institution

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

1. [countable] a large organization that has a particular kind of work or purpose

### financial/educational/research etc institution

- the government and other political institutions
- powerful institutions such as world banks
- the Institution of Electrical Engineers
- 2. [countable] an important system of organization in society that has existed for a long time:

social institutions such as the family and religion

#### the institution of marriage/monarchy etc

- The scandal threatened to undermine the institution of the presidency.
- 3. [countable] a building that people are sent to when they need to be looked after, for example old people or children with no parents often used to show disapproval:
  - I was determined not to put my mother in an institution.
  - a mental institution (=for the mentally ill)
- **4**. [uncountable] when something is started or introduced, especially something relating to the law or politics institution of
  - the institution of divorce proceedings
- **5**. **be an institution** if a person, place, event etc is an institution, they have been an important part of a place for a very long time often used humorously:
  - The British pub isn't just somewhere to drink it's an institution.

## **THESAURUS**

- **organization** a group of people, companies, or countries, which is set up for a particular purpose: Greenpeace is an international organization that protects the environment. I the World Health Organization
- institution a large important organization such as a bank, church, or university: The University is an important academic institution. | financial institutions such as banks
- association an organization for people in a particular profession, sport, or activity, which officially represents its members often used in names: I met a representative of the National Association of Teachers. I the Football Association
- party an organization of people with the same political aims which you can vote for in elections: Which political party do you support? | He voted for the Republican Party's candidate.
- body an important group of people who make the rules and advise people about what should be allowed: the sport's governing body | The government has set up an advisory body.
- club/society an organization for people who share an interest, for example a sport: We belong to a tennis club. | I joined the university film society.
- union an organization formed by workers in order to protect their rights: The union ordered its members out on strike.
- charity an organization which collects money to help people who are poor, sick etc and does not make any profit for itself: She has raised a lot of money for local charities.
- quango British English disapproving an organization set up by the government, which has official power but whose members have not been elected: the amount of money that is wasted on government quangos

**institution** Freakuency Pack

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