rebellion Apresyan (En-Ru)

[rı'beljən] n

1. восстание; мятеж, бунт

armed rebellion - вооружённое восстание

the Great Rebellion - *ucm.* «Великий мятеж» (*неодобр.* название Английской буржуазной революции XVII в., принятое в буржуазной историографии)

War of the Rebellion - *амер.* «Война против мятежников» (название, употреблявшееся северянами для гражданской войны 1861-1865 гг.)

in rebellion - восставший; взбунтовавшийся; мятежный

district in open rebellion - район, охваченный восстанием

to rise in rebellion - восстать, поднять восстание /мятеж/

2. 1) открытое неповиновение, неподчинение; сопротивление, противодействие (чему-л.); протест (против чего-л.)

rebellion against parents - неповиновение родителям, бунт против родительской власти

2) разг. возмущение

3. шотл. юр. неповиновение суду; невыполнение распоряжения суда

rebellion

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

re·bel·lion [rebellion rebellions] BrE [rɪˈbeljən] NAmE [rɪˈbeljən] noun (against sb/sth)

- 1. uncountable, countable an attempt by some of the people in a country to change their government, using violence Syn: †uprising
- The north of the country rose in rebellion against the government
- The army put down the rebellion.
- 2. uncountable, countable opposition to authority within an organization, a political party, etc
 - (a) back-bench rebellion
 - Some members are in rebellion against proposed cuts in spending.
- 3. uncountable opposition to authority; being unwilling to obey rules or accept normal standards of behaviour, dress, etc
- teenage rebellion

Word Origin:

Middle English: from Old French, from Latin rebellio(n-), from rebellis (used originally with reference to a fresh declaration of war by the defeated), based on bellum 'war'.

Collocations:

War and peace

Starting a war

declare/make/wage war (on sb/sth)

go to war (against/with sb)

cause/spark/provoke/foment/quell unrest

incite/lead/crush/suppress a revolt/rebellion

launch/mount/carry out a surprise/terrorist attack

prevent/halt/represent an escalation of the conflict

be torn apart by/be on the brink of civil war

enter/invade/occupy sb's territory

lead/launch/resist/repel an invasion

Military operations

adopt/develop/implement/pursue a military strategy

carry out/execute/perform military operations/manoeuvres/(especially US) maneuvers

send/deploy/station/pull back/withdraw troops

go on/fly/carry out a reconnaissance/rescue mission

train/equip/deploy army/military/combat units

lead/launch/conduct a raid/a surprise attack/an (air/airborne/amphibious) assault (on sb)

employ/use guerrilla tactics

conduct/wage biological/guerrilla warfare

fight/crush/defeat the rebels/the insurgency

suffer/inflict a crushing defeat

achieve/win a decisive victory

halt/stop the British/German/Russian advance

order/force a retreat

Fighting

join/serve in the army/navy/air force

be/go/remain/serve on active duty

serve/complete/return from a tour of duty

be sent to the front (line)

attack/strike/engage/defeat/kill/destroy the enemy

see/report/be engaged in heavy fighting

call for/be met with armed resistance

come under heavy/machine-gun/mortar fire

fire a machine-gun/mortar shells/rockets (at sb/sth)

shoot a rifle/a pistol/bullets/missiles

launch/fire a cruise/ballistic/anti-tank missile

use biological/chemical/nuclear weapons

inflict/suffer/sustain heavy losses/casualties

be hit/killed by enemy/friendly/artillery fire

become/be held as a prisoner of war

Civilians in war

harm/kill/target/protect innocent/unarmed civilians

cause/avoid/limit/minimize civilian casualties/collateral damage

impose/enforce/lift a curfew

engage in/be a victim of ethnic cleansing

be sent to an internment/a concentration camp

accept/house/resettle refugees fleeing from war

fear/threaten military/violent reprisals

commit/be accused of war crimes/crimes against humanity/genocide

Making peace

make/bring/win/achieve/maintain/promote peace

call for/negotiate/broker/declare a ceasefire/a temporary truce

sign a ceasefire agreement

call for/bring/put an end to hostilities

demand /negotiate /accept the surrender of sb/sth

establish/send (in) a peacekeeping force

negotiate/conclude/ratify/sign/accept/reject/break/violate a peace treaty

Example Bank:

- In July 1745 Charles sailed for Scotland to raise a rebellion in the Highlands.
- Peasant rebellions occurred throughout the 16th century.
- · Rebellion broke out in India.
- · Rebellion broke out in the Rhineland.
- Simon de Montfort rose in rebellion in 1258.
- The band refused to go on stage and rebellion began to stir in the audience.
- The country has been plagued by wars, civil wars, and internal rebellions.
- The new taxes provoked the population to open rebellion.
- The opposition party members threatened rebellion.
- The re-introduction of conscription sparked off a major rebellion.
- The slaves rose up in rebellion.
- They are in rebellion against the conservative hierarchy of the Church.
- They staged a rebellion against British rule in Ireland.
- · a rebellion against the new king
- a rebellion over an increase in VAT
- · attempts to foment rebellion in the Cabinet
- · rebellion against their parents
- After years of protest, much of the country was now in open rebellion against the president.
- Teenage rebellion often starts in the home.
- · The English Tudors faced six major rebellions and countless minor revolts.
- The prime minister faces a rebellion from junior members of his party.

rebellion

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

re bel lion /rɪ'beljən/ BrE " AmE " noun [uncountable and countable]

1. an organized attempt to change the government or leader of a country, using violence ⇒ coup, revolution:

an armed rebellion

rebellion against

a rebellion against the military regime

in rebellion

The Bretons rose in rebellion against the King.

suppress/crush a rebellion (=use violence to stop it)

2. when someone opposes or fights against people in authority or ideas which they do not agree with:

a rebellion by right-wing members of the party

rebellion against

rebellion against traditional values

COLLOCATION

COLLOCATIONS

■ ADJECTIVES/NOUN + rebellion

- armed rebellion This injustice has produced armed rebellion.
- open rebellion (=rebellion that is clear and not hidden) Algiers was in open rebellion.
- a military rebellion /an army rebellion Marlborough considered leading a military rebellion against the new king.

verbs

- a rebellion breaks out (=starts) While he was away, a rebellion broke out in Aquitaine.
- people rise in rebellion (=start rebelling) The peasants rose in rebellion.

- lead a rebellion He led a peasant rebellion against Catherine the Great.
- suppress/crush/put down a rebellion (=end it by force) Troops moved in to suppress the rebellion.
- stage a rebellion (=organize it) Farmers who opposed the tax staged a rebellion that forced Washington to back down.

THESAURUS

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- revolt/rebellion /uprising an attempt by a large group of people at revolution: <u>a popular uprising</u> (=involving ordinary people, not the army)
- coup /ku

 an occasion when a group of people, especially soldiers, suddenly take control of a country: a military coup

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rebellion
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