poor

1. [pvə] *n* (the poor) co6up. бедные, бедняки, беднота; неимущие the poor and the rich - бедные и богатые 2. [pvə] a 1. бедный, неимущий, малоимущий poor peasant - крестьянин-бедняк poor people - бедные /неимущие/ люди 2. 1) бедный, несчастный poor fellow - бедняга, несчастный poor beggar /creature, soul, thing/ - бедняга, бедняжка; бедняжечка роог me! - горе мне! 2) диал. покойный, умерший my poor old mother - моя покойная мать 3. 1) часто ирон., шутл. скромный; жалкий, ничтожный in my poor opinion - по моему скромному мнению to the best of my poor abilities - по мере моих скромных сил my poor retirement - моя скромная уединённая жизнь 2) незначительный, небольшой, жалкий poor reception - плохонький /убогий/ приём [см. тж. 5, 1)] a poor ten shillings - жалкие десять шиллингов а poor chance for recovery - слабая надежда на выздоровление the village is but poor five miles from here - деревня находится всего на расстоянии каких-нибудь пяти миль отсюда 4. 1) недостаточный, скудный; плохой poor crop - плохой /низкий/ урожай poor income - скудные /ничтожные/ доходы poor supply - недостаточное/плохое/ снабжение 2) (in) бедный, скудный (в каком-л. отношении) poor in coal - с небольшими /с ничтожными/ запасами угля he became poorer in ideas - мысль его оскудела 5. 1) плохой, низкого качества; скверный poor food - плохая /скверная/ пища poor butter - некачественное масло poor ore - горн. бедная руда poor concrete - стр. тощая бетонная смесь poor reception - радио, тлв. плохой приём [см. тж. 3, 2)] poor road - скверная дорога; дорога в плохом состоянии poor blood - дурная кровь goods of poor quality - товары низкого качества to have a poor opinion of smb. - быть о ком-л. плохого мнения 2) плохой, слабый poor speaker [player] - слабый оратор [игрок] to be poor at mathematics - быть слабым в математике that is a poor consolation - это слабое утешение he's a poor driver - он плохо водит машину 3) неприятный, плохой, не доставляющий удовольствия we had a poor time - мы плохо провели время 6. дурной, низкий, неблагородный poor form /sort/ of conduct - дурное /неприличное/ поведение 7. 1) неплодородный (о почве) 2) непитательный (о продуктах) 8. 1) слабый, плохой poor health - слабое здоровье in poor condition - в плохом состоянии (о здоровье) 2) худой, тощий (о скоте) poor horse - слабая /тощая/ лошадь 9. поношенный, износившийся (об одежде) ⊘ Poor Richard - Бедный Ричард (псевдоним В. Франклина) it's a poor heart that never rejoices - 😑 заслуживает жалости тот, кто никогда не знает радости poor as a church mouse - беден как церковная мышь /крыса/ poor as Job - беден как Иов а /the/ poor relation - кто-л. или что-л. неполноценное, заслуживающее жалости; ≅ бедный родственник to cut a poor figure - производить жалкое впечатление, плохо выглядеть poor

BrE [pʊə(r)]

HAVING LITTLE MONEY

1. having very little money; not having enough money for basic needs

- They were too poor to buy shoes for the kids.
- We aim to help the poorest families.
- It's among the poorer countries of the world.

Opp: [†]rich

2. the poor noun plural people who have very little money

• They provided food and shelter for the poor.

Opp: [†]rich

UNFORTUNATE

3. only before noun deserving pity and sympathy

- Have you heard about poor old Harry? His wife's left him.
- It's hungry— the poor little thing.
- 'I have stacks of homework to do.' 'Oh, you poor thing .'

NOT GOOD

4. not good; of a quality that is low or lower than expected

- the party's poor performance in the election
- to be in poor health
- It was raining heavily and visibility was poor.
- poor food/light/soil
- to have a poor opinion of sb (= to not think well of sb)

5. (of a person) not good or skilled at sth

- · a poor swimmer
- a poor judge of character
- She's a good teacher but a poor manager.
- a poor sailor (= sb who easily gets sick at sea)

HAVING LITTLE OF STH

6. ~ in sth having very small amounts of sth

- a country poor in natural resources
- soil poor in nutrients

Opp: [†]rich

more at give a good/poor account of yourself at faccount n.

Idioms: a poor second/third = ¹poor man's somebody

Word Origin:

Middle English: from Old French poure, from Latin pauper.

Thesaurus:

poor adj.

1.

They were too poor to buy shoes for the kids.

needy •• impoverished •• deprived •• disadvantaged •• destitute • |informal hard up •• broke • |literary penniless • Opp: rich, Opp: wealthy, Opp: affluent

poor/needy/impoverished/deprived/disadvantaged/destitute/hard up people /families

poor/needy/impoverished/deprived/disadvantaged/destitute children

poor/needy/impoverished/deprived/disadvantaged groups/areas

a/an poor/impoverished/deprived/disadvantaged background

Which word? Poor is the most general of these words. Needy is used to describe groups of people, not individuals. Impoverished is used to talk about poor countries and their people. To talk about poor areas in rich countries use deprived.

2.

• The work was of poor quality.

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bad • cheap • low • second-rate • inferior • |informal dismal • |BrE, informal hopeless • |BrE, taboo, slang crap • • shit • |AmE, taboo, slang crappy • • shitty •
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Opp: fine

a/an poor/bad/cheap/second-rate/inferior copy/imitation poor/bad/low/second-rate/inferior quality

a/an poor/bad/inferior/dismal/crap/shit/crappy/shitty performance

Poor or bad? Bad is used more in informal spoken English; **poor** is more frequent in written English. Some words do not collocate with both:

a poor standard of living

✗ a bad standard of living:

• I don't think it's a bad school.

✗ I don't think it's a poor school.

3.

He's a good teacher but a poor manager.

incompetent •• inept •• inadequate • |especially spoken bad • |informal useless •• rotten •

Opp: good

poor/inept/bad/useless/rotten at sth a poor/incompetent/bad/useless/rotten teacher/driver

Synonyms:

poor

disadvantaged • needy • impoverished • deprived • penniless • hard up

These words all describe sb who has very little or no money and therefore cannot satisfy their basic needs.

poor • having very little money; not having enough money for basic needs: • They were too poor to buy shoes for the kids.

disadvantaged • having less money and fewer opportunities than most people in society: = socially disadvantaged sections of the community

needy • **poor.** • It's a charity that provides help for needy children.

impoverished • (journalism) poor. • Thousands of impoverished peasants are desperate to move to the cities.

deprived • [usually before noun] without enough food, education, and all the things that are necessary for people to live a happy and comfortable life

poor, needy, impoverished or deprived?

Poor is the most general of these words and can be used to describe yourself, another individual person, people as a group, or a country or an area. **Needy** is mostly used to describe people considered as a group: it is not used to talk about yourself or individual people: **•** poor/needy children/families \diamond They were too needy to buy shoes for the kids. **Impoverished** is used, especially in journalism, to talk about poor countries and the people who live there. To talk about poor areas in rich countries, use **deprived**.

penniless • (literary) having no money; very poor. • He died penniless in Paris.

hard up • (informal) having very little money, especially for a short period of time: • I was always hard up as a student.

poor/disadvantaged/needy/impoverished/deprived/penniless/hard-up people /families

poor/disadvantaged/needy/impoverished/deprived areas

poor/disadvantaged/impoverished countries

a(n) poor/disadvantaged/impoverished/deprived background

Example Bank:

- He was getting richer and richer as they got poorer and poorer.
- The work was of an extremely poor standard.
- These crops are poor in nutrients.
- They remained poor all their lives.
- I may be dirt poor, but I have my pride.
- I'm afraid I'm rather a poor sailor.
- It's among the poorer countries of the world.
- On the whole he had a poor opinion of human nature.
- She's a good teacher but a poor manager.
- She's been in poor health for some time now.
- · Such a poor swimmer would not survive in that water for long.
- They always treated me like a poor relation.
- We discussed the party's poor performance in the election.
- We tried to keep working in the poor light.

poor

poor S1 W1 /ppus/ BrE AmE adjective (comparative poorer, superlative poorest)

[Date: 1100-1200, Language: Old French; Origin: povre, from Latin pauper]

1. NO MONEY

a) having very little money and not many possessions OPP rich:

- Her family were so poor they couldn't afford to buy her new clothes.
- an area where poor people lived
- one of the poorest countries in the world
- a poor part of Chicago (=where a lot of poor people live)
- My grandparents grew up dirt poor (=very poor).

desperately/extremely poor

Many of the families are desperately poor.

b) the poor [plural] people who are poor:

^{*} It's the government's responsibility to help the poor.

the rural/urban/working poor

tax relief for the working poor

2. NOT GOOD not as good as it could be or should be:

- The soil in this area is very poor.
- poor rates of pay
- He blames himself for the team's poor performance.

of poor quality (=not made well or not made of good materials)

The jacket was of very poor quality.

poor hearing/eyesight/memory

Her hearing is poor, so speak fairly loudly.

make/do a poor job of doing something

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

- The builders did a really poor job of fixing our roof.
- **3. SYMPATHY** [only before noun] *spoken* used to show sympathy for someone because they are so unlucky, unhappy etc: Poor kid, he's had a rough day.
 - You poor thing, you've had a hard time of it, haven't you?
 - Poor old Ted was sick for weeks.
- 4. NOT GOOD AT SOMETHING not good at doing something:
 - a poor public speaker

poor at

" He's poor at sports.

- 5. HEALTH someone whose health is poor is ill or weak for a long period of time: My parents are both in rather poor health.
- 6. poor in something lacking something that is needed:
- The country is poor in natural resources.
- 7. a poor second/third etc the act of finishing a race, competition etc a long way behind the person ahead of you:

McLean won easily, and Benson was a poor second.

come (in) a poor second/third etc British English:

The Socialists came a poor second with 26.5% of the vote.

8. the poor man's somebody used to say that someone is like a very famous performer, writer etc but is not as good as they are: He was the poor man's Elvis Presley.

9. the poor man's something used to say that something can be used for the same purpose as something else, and is much cheaper:

Herring is the poor man's salmon.

10. **poor relation** *British English* someone or something that is not treated as well as other members of a group or is much less successful than they are

poor relation of

Theatre musicians tend to be the poor relations of the musical profession.

 \Rightarrow be in bad/poor taste at $taste^{1}(6)$, \Rightarrow poorly

COLLOCATIONS

adverbs

- extremely poor His parents were extremely poor.
- desperately poor (=so poor that it causes great suffering) Half the population remains desperately poor.
- dirt poor American English informal (=extremely poor) We were dirt poor back then.

adjectives

• the rural poor (=poor people who live in the countryside) Difficult economic conditions have driven millions of the rural poor to cities.

• the urban poor (=poor people who live in towns and cities) The condition of the urban poor could no longer be ignored.

the working poor (=poor people who have jobs, rather than unemployed people) These tax-cut proposals are targeted at the working poor.

THESAURUS

• poor having very little money and not many possessions – used about people or places: Many families were too poor to pay for education. | poor countries

• hard up/broke (also skint British English) [not before noun] informal having very little money, especially for a short period of time. Skint is more informal than the other words: I'm a bit hard up at the moment | We were so broke we couldn't afford to go out to the cinema.

- developing [only before noun] a developing country is poor and has very little industry: The disease is found mainly in developing countries. I the developing world

• deprived [usually before noun] much poorer than other people in a country, and not having the things that are necessary for a comfortable or happy life – used about people and areas: The charity works with deprived children in the inner city. | one of the most deprived areas of London

• **disadvantaged** *especially written* used about groups of people in society who have much less chance of being successful because they are poor: An increase in the minimum wage would help the most disadvantaged Americans.

needy having very little money, and so needing help – used about groups of people: More help should be given to needy families. | We offer scholarships for needy students.

• **destitute** *especially written* having no money or possessions and nowhere to live – used when someone is in a very bad situation: Her family was left destitute after her father died. | destitute refugees

• **impoverished** *formal* **impoverished** people and places are very poor: out-of-work miners and their impoverished families | The children come from impoverished neighbourhoods. | one of the world's most impoverished countries

- poverty-stricken written extremely poor: poverty-stricken areas | They were left poverty-stricken.
- penniless especially literary having no money: She died penniless. | a penniless student

COLLOCATIONS CHECK

- deprived area/children/homes/background
- disadvantaged groups/children/students/background
- needy children/students/families
- impoverished families/areas/countries
- poverty-stricken areas/countries/people

poor 12500^{585^{MCW} 15000^{758^{COCA} RANGE: **1k** POOR ⁶¹⁹⁵³ poor ⁵¹¹⁷⁵ poorer ²⁴⁹⁸ poorest ²⁵⁰² poorly ⁵⁷⁷³ poorness ⁵ COCA 500k Unlemmatized 27343^{783⁵¹¹⁰¹} *jj* ₅₈93440⁶⁷ nnu ₆322004⁷ nn1}}