little Apresyan (En-Ru)

1. ['litl] *n*

1) немногое, небольшое количество; самая малость

we must keep what little we have - мы должны беречь то немногое, что у нас есть

he did what little he could - он сделал всё, что было в его (слабых) силах

the little I have is not worth giving - ту малость, которая у меня есть, просто не стоит дарить

the little of his work that I have seen in excellent - то немногое из его работы, что я видел, - великолепно

every little helps - небольшая помощь - уже помощь; любая малость пригодится

2) эмоц.-усил. почти ничего; мало что

I understood little of his speech - в его речи я мало что понял

to make little of smth. - a) мало что понять; плохо расслышать, не раз глядеть *и т. т.*; I can make little of your writing - никак не разберу, что вы тут написали; б) недооценивать, принижать значение чего-л.

the little - «маленькие люди»

in little - a) в небольшом масштабе; б) в миниатюре

little by little, by little and little - мало-помалу, постепенно, понемногу

little or nothing - почти ничего, очень мало, ничтожное количество

a little см. a little 3

to think little of - не придавать особого значения, быть невысокого мнения (о ком-л., чём-л.)

2. [litl] a (less, lesser; least)

1. 1) маленький, небольшой (о размере)

little house [garden, boat] - домик [садик, лодочка], небольшой дом [сад, -ая лодка]

the little ones - a) малыши, дети; б) детёныши

the little Joneses - дети Джоунзов

my little man! - мой мальчик! (обращение)

2) небольшой (о количестве); слабый; плохой

to have little hope - иметь мало надежды /слабую надежду/

to pay little attention to smth. - почти не обращать внимания на что-л.

he has little time - у него мало времени

he has very little knowledge of the subject - он очень плохо /слабо/ знает предмет

unfortunately he has little money - к сожалению, у него мало денег /он небогат/

he knows little Latin and less Greek - он плохо знает латынь, а ещё хуже греческий

he gained little advantage from the scheme - он мало что выиграл от этой затеи

3) короткий, недлинный

shall I go a little way with you? - проводить вас немного? [ср. тж. ◊]

life's little day - короткий /быстротечный день жизни

4) невысокий, небольшого роста

a little fat man - приземистый толстяк

5) спец. малый

little guts - анат. тонкие кишки

little end - *авт.* малая (*поршневая*) головка шатуна

little auk - биол. малая гагарка (Plautus alle)

2. 1) незначительный несущественный, неважный

a little difficulty - незначительное/несущественное/ затруднение

little things - мелочи; пустяки

little things of life - житейские мелочи

don't worry about little things - не беспокойтесь по пустякам

2) мелкий, некрупный

little farmer - мелкий фермер

3) малый, неглавный

little war - малая война

Little League - амер. Малая лига (бейсбольная лига для мальчиков и девочек 8-12 лет)

3. милый, славный (часто имеет ласкательное значение и передаётся уменьшительным суффиксом)

isn't he a little devil - вот дьяволёнок!

you little rascal! - эй ты, пострелёнок

smb.'s little ways - маленькие смешные слабости, глупые (детские) привычки

poor little efforts to please - трогательноестарание угодить /понравиться/

4. мелкий, мелочный, ничтожный, ограниченный

a little man with a little mind - ничтожный ограниченный человечишка

mean little comments - замечания типа мелочных придирок

5. предназначенный для узкого круга; не массовый

little magazine - малообъёмный журнал (печатает произведения, не рассчитанные на массового читателя; выходит небольшим тиражом)

little theatre - a) театр-студия б) камерный театр (*ставящий экспериментальные пьесы*); в) самодеятельный театр (*при колледже*)

⊘ little woman - жена, жёнушка

little Mary - сл. желудок

The Little Corporal - «маленький капрал», Наполеон Бонапарт

Little Rhody - амер. шутл. штат Род-Айленд

to go but a (very) little way to - быть недостаточным, не хватать [*cp. mж.* 1, 3)] little stranger - новорождённый (*в семье*) to expect a little stranger - ждать прибавления семейства little bird - источник информации \cong сорока на хвосте принесла

a little bird tells me you are getting married - где-то я слышала, что ты выходишь замуж

little grey cells - а) клетки серого вещества (мозга); б) мозги

use your little grey cells! - шевели мозгами!

little black book - амер. записная книжка с телефонамиженщин; «адрес - календарь донжуана»

little boy's room - эвф. уборная, туалет

little ladies in tennis shoes - *амер. полит. жарг.* «старушки в мягкой обуви», активистки консервативного направления крайние реакционерки

3. [litl] adv (less; least)

1. 1) мало, почти нисколько

little more - ненамного больше; немногим больше

he is little more than an amateur - он недалеко ушёл от любителя, он выступает /играет, пишет/ почти на любительском уровне he left little more than an hour ago - он ушёл час с небольшим тому назад

little less than - не намного меньше; почти столько же /так же/

he is little less talented than his father - талантомон не намного уступает отцу; он почти так же талантлив как отец

I can say very little about this book - я могу очень немного сказать об этой книге

he is little known - его почти никто /мало кто/ знает

that is little short of madness! - это на грани безумия!

2) редко

I go there [see them] very little - я хожу туда [вижу их] очень редко

2. (в предложениях с инверсией) совсем не, вовсе не

when I first came to this country, I little thought that I should stay so long - когда я приехал в эту страну, я никак не думал, что проживу здесь так долго

they little expected /little did they expect/ such trouble - они никак не предполагали /им и в голову не приходило/, что возникнет такая неприятность

little he cares whether we live or die - ему всё равно /ему наплевать/, живы мы или нет

he little dreams that ... - ему и не снится, что ..., ему и невдомёк, что ...

little

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

lit-tle [little littler littlest] adjective, determiner, pronoun, adverb BrE ['Irtl] *

NAmE ['lɪtl]

adjective usually before noun The forms littler /['lɪtlə(r)] / and littlest /['lɪtlɪst] / are rare. It is more common to use smaller and smallest.

1. not big; small; smaller than others

- a little house
- · a little group of tourists
- · a little old lady
- · the classic little black dress
- · 'Which do you want?' 'I'll take the little one.'
- She gave a little laugh.
- (BrE) We should manage, with a little bit of luck.
- Here's a little something (= a small present) for your birthday.

2. used after an adjective to show affection or dislike, especially in a †patronizing way (= one that suggests that you think you are better than sb)

- The poor little thing! It's lost its mother.
- · What a nasty little man!
- She's a good little worker.
- He'd become quite the little gentleman.

3. young

- a little boy/girl
- my little brother/sister (= younger brother/sister)
- I lived in America when I was little.
- 4. (of distance or time) short
 - · A little while later the phone rang.
 - Shall we walk a little way?

5. not important; not serious

- · I can't remember every little detail.
- You soon get used to the little difficulties.

more at great/tall oaks from little acorns grow at \frac{1}{2}0ak, (it's) no/little/small wonder (that)... at \frac{1}{2}wonder n.

<u> Word Origin:</u>

Old English ly tel, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch luttel, German dialect lützel.

Thesaurus:

little adj.

- **1.** usually before noun (not usually used in the comparative or superlative)
- What a dear little baby!
- small · · tiny · · miniature · · compact · · minute · · microscopic ·

Opp: big. Opp: large

- a little/small/tiny/miniature house/town/room
- a little/small/tiny/minute/microscopic detail
- a little/small/tiny baby/child

Little or small? Small is the most usual opposite of **big** or **large**. **Little** is often used to show how you feel about sb/sth, especially after other adjectives such as **ugly**, **nice** or **cute**.

- **2.** usually before noun (especially spoken)
 - · What a fuss over one little mistake!

small • • slight • • minimal • • marginal • • minor • |usually disapproving trivial • • petty •

Opp: big, Opp: great

- a little/small/slight/minimal/marginal change/improvement
- a little/small/slight/trivial error/mistake/problem
- a little/small/slight defect/accident

Example Bank:

- · He was a nasty little man.
- · He's still very little and doesn't understand yet.
- It was a lovely little village before the war.
- · Poor little thing! It's broken its wing.
- The room was full of funny little animals.
- · A little boy was standing on the doorstep.
- All those problems because of one little mistake!
- · Here's a little something for your birthday.
- · I can't remember every little detail.
- · I give thanks for every little thing.
- I was a little bit afraid of him.
- It's just one of life's little mysteries.
- She wore a version of the classic little black dress.
- The system has some odd little quirks.
- They lived in a little house just down the valley.
- We had a little adventure yesterday.
- · What a cute little baby!
- · What a horrible little man!
- You wouldn't expect a sweet little old lady to react like that.
- You'll feel a little sting.
- · You'll soon get used to these little difficulties.
- a little error/mistake/defect/problem/argument/accident/incident/adventure/mystery/quirk/secret

Idioms: | flittle bird told me = | flittle by little

Derived Word 1littleness

determiner, pronoun

- 1. used with uncountable nouns to mean 'not much'
 - There was little doubt in my mind.
 - Students have **little or no** choice in the matter.
 - · I understood little of what he said.
 - She said little or nothing (= hardly anything) about her experience.
 - Tell him as little as possible .
- 2. a little used with uncountable nouns to mean 'a small amount', 'some'
 - a little milk/sugar/tea
 - If you have any spare milk, could you give me a little?
 - I've only read a little of the book so far.
 - (formal) It caused not a little/no little (= a lot of) confusion.
 - After a little (= a short time) he got up and left.

Word Origin:

Old English ly tel, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch luttel, German dialect lützel.

adverb (less, least)

- 1. not much; only slightly
 - He is little known as an artist.
 - I slept very little last night.
 - Little did I know that this spelled the end of my career.

2. a little (bit) to a small degree

- She seemed a little afraid of going inside.
- These shoes are a little (bit) too big for me.
- (informal) Everything has become just that little bit harder.

• (formal) She felt tired and more than a little worried.

Word Origin:

Old English ly tel, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch luttel, German dialect lützel.

British/American:

a bit / a little

In BrE it is common to use a bit to mean 'slightly' or 'to a small extent': ■ These shoes are a bit tight. ♦ I'll be a bit later home tomorrow. ♦ Can you turn the volume up a bit?

It is more common in *NAmE* to say a little, or (informal) a little bit. You can also use these phrases in *BrE*: These shoes are a little bit too tight. \diamondsuit = I'll be a little later home tomorrow. \diamondsuit = Can you turn the volume up a little bit?

little

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

I. lit tle 1 S1 W1 / IItl/ BrE AmE adjective

[Language: Old English; Origin: lytel]

- 1. SIZE [usually before noun] small in size:
 - a little house
 - a cake decorated with little flowers
 - She was cutting the meat up into little bits.

little tiny/tiny little spoken (=extremely small)

a little tiny puppy

little bitty American English spoken (=extremely small)

a little something informal (=a small present, or a small amount of food)

I'd like to buy him a little something to thank him.

- 2. SOMETHING YOU LIKE OR DISLIKE [only before noun] used between an adjective and a noun to emphasize that you like or dislike something or someone, although they are not important, impressive etc:
 - It could be a nice little business.
 - a useful little gadget
 - It was another of her silly little jokes.
 - a boring little man

poor little thing (=used to show sympathy)

The poor little thing had hurt its wing.

3. a little bit

a) a small amount of something

a little bit of

- With a little bit of luck we should finish by five o'clock.
- I'm going to give you a little bit of advice.
- Let me tell you a little bit about myself.

b) slightly or to a small degree:

I was a little bit disappointed.

4. **TIME/DISTANCE** [only before noun] short in time or distance:

- You could have a little sleep in the car.
- We walked a little way along this path.
- He arrived a little while ago.

5. YOUNG little children are young:

We didn't have toys like this when I was little.

little boy/gir

two little boys playing in the street

sb's little boy/girl (=someone's son or daughter who is still a child)

Mum, I'm 17 – I'm not your little girl any longer.

sb's little brother/sister (=a younger brother or sister who is still a child)

Her little brother and sister were fighting again.

6. SLIGHT [only before noun] done in a way that is not very noticeable:

a little smile

Nicolo gave a little nod of his head.

7. UNIMPORTANT [only before noun]

a) not important:

She gets very angry over little things.

There isn't time to discuss every little detail.

b) not important – used when you really think that something is important:

There's just that little matter of the £5,000 you owe me.

8. (just) that little bit better/easier etc better, easier etc by a small amount that will have an important effect:

Working fewer hours will make life just that little bit easier for me.

- 9. the little woman old-fashioned someone's wife often used humorously but now considered offensiveby many women
- ⇒ a little bird told me at ^bird(4)

GRAMMAR

You can say **smaller** or **smallest**, but 'littler' and 'littlest' are not often used:

 Her feet are even smaller (NOT littler/more little) than mine. You can use words like 'quite', 'very', and 'too' in front of small, but do not use them with little:

a very small car (NOT a very little car)

II. little 2 S1 W1 BrE AmE * determiner, pronoun

- 1. only a small amount or hardly any of something:
 - There's little doubt in my mind that he's guilty.
 - I paid little attention to what the others were saying.

 - Little is known about the causes of the problem. Changes in the law have done little to improve the situation.

little of

- Little of their wealth now remains.
- There's very little money left.
- Many of the students speak little or no English.
- He knew little or nothing (=almost nothing) about fixing cars.
- My lawyer advised me to say as little as possible.
- He did precious little (=very little) to help.
- The laboratory tests are of <u>little</u> real value.

2. a little a small amount:

- Fortunately I had a little time to spare.
- Susan speaks a little French.
- A little overhalf the class can swim.
- He walked on a little (=a short distance) and then turned back.

a little more/less

Would you like a little more milk in your coffee?

a little of

The city is regaining a little of its former splendour.

3. as little as £5/3 months/10 feet etc used to emphasize how surprisingly small an amount is:

- Prices for his paintings start from as little as £100.
- The weather can change completely in as little as half an hour.
- 4. what little (also the little (that)) used to emphasize how small an amount there is, how small an amount is possible etc:
 - We did what little we could to help.
 - I handed overwhat little money I had left.

5. a little (of something) goes a long way spoken used to say that only a small amount of something is needed or has a great effect:

A little kindness goes a long way.

GRAMMAR

A little and little are used before uncountable nouns.

A little means 'some, but not a lot':

We still have a little time left.

In spoken British English, it is more usual to say a bit of:

• I've got a bit of money left.

Little on its own (without a) means 'not much'. It emphasizes how small the amount is. It is mainly used in writing or formal speech:

There is now little hope of success.

In conversation or informal writing, it is more usual to say **not much**:

• There was not much milk left.

III. little ³ S1 W1 BrE AmE * adverb

1. a little slightly or to a small degree SYN a bit:

- She trembled a little as she spoke.
- He was a little surprised at her request.

a little more/better/further etc

We'll have to wait a little longer to see what happens.

GRAMMAR

When you use a little with an adjective, it should come before the adjective, not after it:

- I was a little worried about her (NOT I was worried a little ...).
- You cannot use a little with an adjective before a noun. Use rather or slightly:
- It was a rather strange situation (NOT a little strange situation).

2. not much or only slightly:

- The town has changed little over the years.
- The situation has improved very little.

little known/understood etc (=not known about by many people)

a little known corner of the world

little more/better etc (than something)

His voice was little more than a whisper.

3. little did somebody know/realize /think etc used to say that someone did not know or think that something would happen or was true:

- Little did I know that the course of my life was about to change.
- 4. little by little gradually:

Little by little he became accepted by the family.

5. more than a little/not a little literary extremely:

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Graham was more than a little frightened by what he had seen.

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little
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<sub>12500</sub>351 MCW
15000 129 COCA
 RANGE: 1k LITTLE 301575
  little 301155
  littler 99
  littlest 321
 COCA 500k Unlemmatized
  61004232156281 jj
  3439663261187 rr22
  <sub>33176</sub>841<sup>47421</sup> da1
  <sub>16529</sub>1996<sup>21541</sup> rr
  <sub>7560</sub>4064<sup>9897</sup> rr32
  <sub>2808</sub>7366<sup>4729</sup> np1
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   82939768 nnu
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