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Apresyan (En-Ru)
war
 1. [wɔ:] n
    1. война; боевые действия
     nuclear war - (ракетно-)ядерная война
     star wars - звёздные войны
     accidental war - война в результате случайности
     cold war - холодная война
     shooting war - «горячая война», настоящая война (в противоп. холодной войне)
     war of attrition - война на истощение
     war of movement - воен. манёвренная война
     war of position - воен. позиционная война
     war of siege - a) позиционная война; б) ucm. осадная война; блокада
     he fought in the Second World War /in World War Two/ - он участник второй мировой войны
     War between the States - амер. ист. гражданская война в США (между Севером и Югом; 1861-1865 гг.)
     War of Independence, Revolutionary War - амер. ист. война за независимость (1775-1783 гг.)
     the Thirty Years' War - ucm. Тридцатилетняявойна
     War of the Roses - ucm. война Алой и Белой розы
     the art of war - военное искусство
     luck of war - военное счастье; превратностивойны
     at war (with) - в состоянии войны (с кем-л.)
     country at war - воюющая страна
     in the war - a) на войне; б) во время войны
     to wage /to make/ war on /against/ smb. - вести войну /воевать/ с кем-л.
     to go to war - a) (against) прибегать к оружию (против кого-л.); начинать войну (с кем-л.); б) идти на войну /на фронт
     from before the war - с довоенного времени
   2. борьба
     class war - классовая борьба
     war of nerves - война нервов, психологическая война
     war against illiteracy - борьба с неграмотностью
     to make war on disease - вести борьбу с болезнями
     war of the elements - борьба стихий; буря, стихийное бедствие
     war of words - словесная перепалка
   3. вражда, антагонизм
     to have war in one's heart - затаить в душе вражду
   арх. войска
     \lozenge war to the knife - a) воен. война на истребление б) \cong борьба не на живот, а на смерть
     private war - a) кровная месть; б) самочинные военные действия (без санкции правительства)
     to carry the war into the enemy's camp - a) переносить войну на территорию противника; наступать; б) переходить в
     наступление (в споре)
     to have been in the wars - разг. побывать в переделке
     you look as if you had been in the wars - у тебя потрёпанный вид
 2. [wɔ:] v
   1. книжн. воевать, вести войну
     to war down - завоевать, покорить
   2. (with, against) бороться (с кем-л., чем-л.)
   3. враждовать, конфликтовать
 1. [wa:,wo:] шотл. = worse II и III
 2. [wa:,wo:] шотл. = worse II и III
 3. [wa:,wo:] шотл. = worst IV
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war

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Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

war [war wars warred warring] BrE [wo [] * NAmE [wɔ□]r noun

- 1. uncountable, countable a situation in which two or more countries or groups of people fight against each other over a period of time
 - · the Second World War
 - the threat of (a) nuclear war
 - to win/lose a/the war
 - the war between England and Scotland
 - England's war with/against Scotland
 - It was the year Britain declared war on Germany.
 - Social and political problems led to the outbreak (= the beginning) of war.
 - Where were you living when war broke out ?
 - The government does not want to go to war (= start a war) unless all other alternatives have failed.
 - · How long have they been at war?
 - a war hero
 - (formal) In the Middle Ages England waged war on France.
 - Her husband was killed during the war.
- More troops are being despatched to the war zone.

- (formal) the **theatre of war** (= the area in which fighting takes place) **see also** †civil war, †cold war, †council of war, †phoney war, †post-war, †prisoner of war, †warring, †world war
- 2. countable, uncountable a situation in which there is aggressive competition between groups, companies, countries, etc
 - · the class war
 - · a trade war

see also †price war

- 3. uncountable, singular ~ (against/on sb/sth) a fight or an effort over a long period of time to get rid of or stop sth unpleasant
 - The government has declared war on drug dealers.
 - We seem to be winning the war against crime.

more at all's fair in love and war at fair adi

Idioms: †have been in the wars = †war of nerves = †war of words

Word Origin:

late Old English werre, from an Anglo-Norman French variant of Old French guerre, from a Germanic base shared by tworse.

Collocations:

War and peace

Starting a war

declare/make/wage war (on sb/sth)

go to war (against/with sb)

cause/spark/provoke/foment/quell unrest

incite/lead/crush/suppress a revolt/rebellion

launch/mount/carry out a surprise/terrorist attack

prevent/halt/represent an escalation of the conflict

be torn apart by/be on the brink of civil war

enter/invade/occupy sb's territory

lead/launch/resist/repel an invasion

Military operations

adopt/develop/implement/pursue a military strategy

carry out/execute /perform military operations/manoeuvres/(especially US) maneuvers

send/deploy/station/pull back/withdraw troops

go on/fly/carry out a reconnaissance/rescue mission

train/equip/deploy army/military/combat units

lead/launch/conduct a raid/a surprise attack/an (air/airborne/amphibious) assault (on sb)

employ/use guerrilla tactics

conduct/wage biological/guerrilla warfare

fight/crush/defeat the rebels/the insurgency

suffer/inflict a crushing defeat

achieve /win a decisive victory

halt/stop the British/German/Russian advance

order/force a retreat

Fighting

join/serve in the army/navy/air force

be/go/remain/serve on active duty

serve/complete/return from a tour of duty

be sent to the front (line)

attack/strike/engage/defeat/kill/destroy the enemy

see/report/be engaged in heavy fighting

call for/be met with armed resistance

come under heavy/machine-gun/mortar fire

fire a machine-gun/mortar shells/rockets (at sb/sth)

shoot a rifle/a pistol/bullets/missiles

launch/fire a cruise/ballistic/anti-tank missile

use biological/chemical/nuclear weapons

inflict/suffer/sustain heavy losses/casualties

be hit/killed by enemy/friendly/artillery fire

become/be held as a prisoner of war

Civilians in war

harm/kill/target/protect innocent/unarmed civilians

cause/avoid/limit/minimize civilian casualties/collateral damage

impose/enforce/lift a curfew

engage in/be a victim of ethnic cleansing

be sent to an internment/a concentration camp

accept/house/resettle refugees fleeing from war

fear/threaten military/violent reprisals

commit/be accused of war crimes/crimes against humanity/genocide

Making peace

make/bring/win/achieve/maintain/promote peace

call for/negotiate/broker/declare a ceasefire/a temporary truce

sign a ceasefire agreement
call for/bring/put an end to hostilities
demand/negotiate/accept the surrender of sb/sth
establish/send (in) a peacekeeping force
negotiate/conclude/ratify/sign/accept/reject/break/violate a peace treaty

Synonyms:

campaign

battle • struggle • drive • war • fight

These are all words for an effort made to achieve or prevent sth.

campaign • a series of planned activities that are intended to achieve a particular social, commercial or political aim: ■ the campaign for parliamentary reform ♦ an advertising campaign

battle • a competition or argument between people or groups of people trying to win power or control: • She finally won the legal battle for compensation. \diamondsuit • the endless battle between man and nature

struggle • a competition or argument between people or groups of people trying to win power or control: ■ the struggle for independence ♦ the struggle between good and evil

battle or struggle?

A **struggle** is always about things that seem absolutely necessary, such as life and death or freedom. A **battle** can also be about things that are not absolutely necessary, just desirable, or about the pleasure of winning: • the battle/struggle between good and evil \diamondsuit a legal struggle for compensation \diamondsuit a struggle of wills/wits.

drive • an organized effort by a group of people to achieve sth: ■ the drive for greater efficiency ♦ a drive to reduce energy consumption

campaign or drive?

A **campaign** is usually aimed at getting other people to do sth; a **drive** may be an attempt by people to get themselves to do sth: = From today, we're going on an = economy drive = = (= we must spend less) =. A **campaign** may be larger, more formal and more organized than a **drive**.

war • [sing.] an effort over a long period of time to get rid of or stop sth bad: • the war against crime

fight • [sing.] the work of trying to stop or preventsth bad or achieve sth good; an act of competing, especially in a sport: • Workers won their fight to stop compulsory redundancies.

war or fight?

A **war** is about stopping things, like drugs and crime, that everyone agrees are bad. A **fight** can be about achieving justice for yourself.

a campaign/battle/struggle/drive/war/fight against sth

a campaign/battle/struggle/drive/fight for sth

a one-man/one-woman/personal campaign/battle/struggle/war

a bitter campaign/battle/struggle/drive/war/fight

to launch/embark on a campaign/battle/drive

to **lead/continue** the campaign/battle/struggle/drive/fight

to win/lose a battle/struggle/war/fight

Example Bank:

- Both candidates have distinguished war records.
- · Congress has made a formal declaration of war.
- Every available resource went towards the war effort
- He fears the violence could spark a civil war.
- · He took part in the Vietnam War.
- He was held as a prisoner of war.
- He was wounded twice during the course of the war.
- In times of war, troops were billeted in the mill.
- My grandfatherfought in the Korean War.
- My grandfatherfought in two world wars.
- Six years of total war had left no citizen untouched.
- The Spartans were persuaded to make war on Athens.
- The US declared war on Japan.
- The United States entered the war in 1917.
- The army had been placed on a war footing.
- The country had just emerged from the horrors of civil war.
- The country has long been a theatre/theater of war.
- The country was now in a state of war.
- The country went to war in 1914.
- The crisis took Europe to the brink of war.
- The government has a \$20-billion war chest to fight terrorism.
- The outcome of the war was far from certain.
- The terrorists were charged with waging war against the state.
- The two countries fought a short but bloody war.
- The war raged for nearly two years.
- These aircraft are designed to take troops and weapons to any theatre of war in the shortest time possible.
- They launched a trade war against France.
- Unexploded mines were a big danger to civilians in the aftermath of the war.

- · a country at war
- · a trade war with the United States
- · a war against drug abuse
- a war of liberation
- · critiques of the mainstream media's war coverage
- killed in war
- talks to prevent the war from escalating
- the Greek war for independence
- the Soviet war machine
- · the shortage of food during the war years
- the war against the French
- the war correspondent of a daily newspaper
- · war between Iran and Iraq
- · During the First World War, Flanders was transformed into one huge battlefield.
- · Edgehill was the first battle in the English Civil War.
- The US threatened a trade war with Europe after the breakdown of the talks.
- The USA declared war on Germany in 1917.
- The country seemed at times to be close to class war.
- The two countries were at war for eight years.
- When war broke out he became separated from his family.

war

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

war S2 W1 /wɔ□\$ wɔ□k BrE " AmE " noun

[Word Family: noun: ↑war, ↑warfare, ↑warrior, adjective: ↑pre-war ≠ ↑post-war, ↑warring]

[Date: 1100-1200; Language: Old North French; Origin: werre, from Old French guerre]

- 1. [uncountable and countable] when there is fighting between two or more countries or between opposing groups within a country, involvinglarge numbers of soldiers and weapons **OPP peace**:
 - the Vietnam War
 - He served as a pilot during the war.

war against/with/between

- the war with Spain
- 2. [uncountable and countable] a struggle over a long period of time to control something harmful

war on/against

- the State's war on drugs
- the war against racism
- 3. [uncountable and countable] a situation in which a person or group is fighting for power, influence, or control:
 - No one wants to start a trade war here.
 - a ratings war between the major TV networks ⇒ ↑price war
- **4. be in the wars** *British English spoken* used, often humorously, to say that someone has lots of injuries or health problems: You've really been in the wars lately, haven't you?
 - the second poet in the ward latery, haven by
- 5. this means war spoken used humorously to say that you are ready to fight or argue about something
- ⇒ ¹cold war, ¹war of attrition, ¹war of nerves, ¹war of words, ¹warring

COLLOCATIONS

verbs

- fight a war The two countries fought a brief war in 1995.
- fight in a war (=take part as a soldier) Her grandfatherfought in the war.
- win/lose a war The Allies had won the war. | What would have happened if we'd lost the war?
- declare war In 1941, Britain and the US declared war on Japan.
- wage /make war (=to start and continue a war) Their aim was to destroy the country's capacity to wage war.
- go to war (=become involved in a war) It has been said that democracies don't go to war with each other.
- war breaks out (=it starts) They married just before war broke out.
- a war rages (=continues in a very violent way) A civil war is still raging there.

phrases

- be at war Russia was at war with Poland.
- be on the brink of war (=be about to be involved in a war) The country was on the brink of war.
- the outbreak of war (=the time when a war starts) A week after the outbreak of war, he enlisted in the army.
- the horrors of war They wanted to forget the horrors of war they had witnessed.

■ADJECTIVES/NOUN + war

- a world war No one wants another world war.
- a civil war (=between opposing groups within a country) the English Civil War
- a nuclear war (=involving nuclear weapons) The possibility of nuclear war was much on people's minds in the Fifties.
- a conventional war (=not nuclear) A conventional war would still cause unacceptable devastation.
- a guerrilla war (=involving a small unofficial military group) The nine-year guerrilla war has ended at last.
- the Korean/Vietnam/Iraq etc War People were protesting against the Vietnam War.
- World War I/World War II He was a pilot in World War II.
- a just war (=one that you believe is right) They believe that they are fighting a just war.
- a religious war How many people have died in religious wars?

■war + NOUN

- the war years The couple spent most of the war years apart.
- **a war hero** At home he was hailed as a war hero.
- a war veteran (=someone who took part in a war) There was a service for war veterans in the Garden of Remembrance.
- a war criminal (=someone who behaves very cruelly in a war, in a way that is against international law) the arrest of two suspected Nazi war criminals
- a war correspondent (=a reporter sending reports from a war) Being a war correspondent is a dangerous job.
- a war zone (=an area where a war is fought) The country had turned into a war zone.
- a war crime (=a cruel act in a war which is against international law) They will be charged with war crimes.
- **a war wound** He still suffered pain from an old war wound.
- **a war grave** He had gone with a friend to visit the war graves in Flanders.

■ COMMON ERRORS

▶ Do not say 'do the wat'. Say go to war or make war.

THESAURUS

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- war noun [uncountable and countable] a situation in which there is fighting between countries or opposing groups within a country, with large numbers of soldiers and weapons: He fought in World War II. I the horrors of war
- **conflict** *noun* [uncountable and countable] a situation in which there is fighting or a war used especially in news reports: the conflict in the Middle East | There is increasing danger of armed conflict.
- **fighting** *noun* [uncountable] a situation in which people or groups fight each other and try to kill each other: The fighting went on for months. | Fighting in the north has resulted in hundreds of deaths.
- hostilities noun [plural] formal fighting in a war: The agreement called on the guerrillas to <u>cease</u> hostilities (=stop fighting) and begin peace talks.
- warfare noun [uncountable] the activity of fighting in a war used especially to talk about a method of fighting: new and more advanced methods of warfare | chemical warfare
- battle noun [uncountable and countable] an occasion when two armies, groups of ships etc fight each other in one place during a war: the great naval battles of the Napoleonic Wars | the Battle of Trafalgarin 1805 | He died in battle.
- **skirmish** /'sk3 \(m \) \(\struct \) 'sk3 \(\text{rhoun} \) [countable] a short fight between small groups of soldiers, ships etc, especially one that happens away from the main part of a war or battle: There were minor skirmishes between Indian and Pakistani troops across the border.
- **combat** *noun* [uncountable] the act of fighting, especially during a war: Few of them had any experience of combat. | hand-to-hand combat
- **action** *noun* [uncountable] military actions carried out by the army, navy etc of a country during a war used especially in the following phrases: He was <u>killed</u> in <u>action</u> in 1944. | Her son went <u>missing</u> in <u>action</u>. | Her grandfather <u>saw</u> <u>action</u> (=fought) in two world wars.

Freakuency Pack

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RANGE: 1k WAR 135417

war 125345

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COCA 500k Unlemmatized

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