1. воен.

1) марш, походное движение

quick [slow, forced] march - быстрый [медленный, форсированный] марш

march capacity - воен. а) способность войск к передвижению; подвижность; б) скорость передвижения

march column - походная колонна

march depth - глубина (походной) колонны

march formation - походный строй

march in review - торжественный/церемониальный/ марш

march home - отход, отступление

march on Rome - поход на Рим

on the march - на марше

the army was on the march at six o'clock - в шесть часов утра армия уже двигалась вперёд

at the march - походным шагом, маршируя

the soldiers went past at the march - солдаты промаршировали мимо

in march time - в ритме марша

2) переход; суточный переход ($m \pi$. a day's march)

short [easy, night] march - короткий [лёгкий, ночной] переход

line of march - направление движения колонны

it was a long march - это был долгий переход

a march of ten miles - десятимильный переход

to do a day's march - совершить суточный переход

the army is within two marches of the Ebro - армия находится на расстоянии двух (суточных) переходов от Эбро

2. (*обыкн.* the march)

1) ход, развитие (*событий и т. п.*)

the march of time [events] - ход времени [событий]

the march of history - ход /развитие/ истории

2) прогресс, развитие (науки и т. п.)

the march of science - прогресс /успехи/ науки

the march of mind - развитие человеческого ума

3. марш, демонстрация

а May-day march - первомайская демонстрация

peace march - марш мира

antinuclear march - демонстрация против ядерной угрозы

hunger march - марш безработных

4. спорт. маршировка

муз. марш

dead /funeral/ [wedding] march - похоронный [свадебный] марш

6. воен. барабанный бой (на марше)

7. шахм. ход (фигурой)

2. [ma:t∫] *v*

1. воен

1) маршировать, двигаться походным порядком

to march ahead - идти /двигаться/ вперёд

to march out /forth, off - выходить, выступать (в поход); начинать марш /походное движение/

to march past - a) проходить мимо; б) воен. проходить торжественным маршем

to march on - продвигаться вперёд, продолжать движение вперёд

the soldiers marched on - солдаты всё шли вперёд, продолжали идти вперёд

time marches on - время идёт не останавливаясь

to march in cadence - идти в ногу

to march in single file - идти гуськом; идти в затылок

to march in step with the music - маршировать под музыку

to march in review- проходить торжественным маршем

to march four abreast - идти /маршировать/ по четыре в ряд, маршировать шеренгами по четыре

the troops marched into the town - войска вошли /вступили/ в город (походным порядком)

when the soldiers marched in - когда солдаты вошли /вступили/ (в город, деревню u m. π .)

forward march! - шагом марш!; прямо!

quick march! - строевым /походным/ шагом марш!

2) совершить марш, переход

to march forty miles - сделать сорокамильный переход

2. 1) маршировать, ходить размеренным шагом

he marched up and down the station platform - он ходил взад и вперёд по платформе

2) резко, демонстративновышагивать ($m \pi$. march off, march up)

she marched off in disgust - ей стало противно, она повернулась и ушла

with these words he marched out of the room - с этими словами он демонстративно вышел из комнаты

he marched up to her - он решительно подошёл к ней

3. 1) воен. вести строем

to march the troops - вывести войска в поход

to march one's army into a country - ввести свою армию в какую-л. страну

he marched them up to the top of the hill - он повёл их строем на вершину холма

2) уводить; заставлять уйти

to march smb. to the door [to the gate] - заставить кого-л. идти к двери [к воротам]

to march smb. out - выводить, выпроваживать кого-л.

to march the prisoner away /off/ - увести заключённого или пленного

two policemen promptly marched the burglar to prison - двое полицейских быстро препроводили взломщика в тюрьму

I caught him running off and marched him back - я поймал его, когда он убегал, и препроводил обратно

she marched the child up to bed - она увела ребёнка (наверх) в спальню

ı

1. [ma:t∫] *п обыкн. pl ист.*

марка, пограничная или спорная полоса; граница

the Marches - пограничная полоса между Англией и Шотландией или Англией и Уэльсом

2. [ma:t∫] *ν pe∂κ.*

граничить

our territory marches with theirs - наша территорияграничит с их (территорией)

march

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

march [march marches marched marching] verb, noun BrE [ma $\Box t \Box^{*}$ NAmE [ma $\Box rt \Box^{*}$

verb

- 1. intransitive to walk with stiff regular steps like a soldier
 - · (+ adv./prep.) Soldiers were marching up and down outside the government buildings.
 - Quick march! (= the order to start marching)
 - + noun They marched 20 miles to reach the capital.
- 2. intransitive + adv./prep. to walk somewhere quickly in a determined way
 - She marched over to me and demanded an apology.
- 3. intransitive to walk through the streets in a large group in order to protest about sth

Syn: ↑demonstrate

- 4. transitive ~ sb + adv./prep. to force sb to walk somewhere with you
 - The guards marched the prisoner away.
 - · She was marched out of the door and into a waiting car.

Verb forms: _werb forms

TOLD TOLLIN	
present simple	
I / you / we /they	march
	BrE /ma:tʃ/
	NAmE /ma:rtʃ/
he / she /it	marches
	BrE /ma:tʃ12/
	NAmE /ma:rtʃɪz/
past simple, past participle	marched
	BrE /ma:tʃt/
	NAME /ma:rtʃt/
-ing form	marching
	BrE /ma:tʃɪŋ/
	NAME /ma:rtʃɪŋ/

Word Origin:

late Middle English: from French marcher 'to walk' (earlier 'to trample'), of uncertain origin.

Thesaurus:

march verb

- **1.** I (usually used with an adverbor preposition)
- · Guards were marching up and down.

stride · · pace · · step · · walk ·

march/stride/step/walk to/towards sb/sth march/pace/step/walk around/round sth

march/pace/walk up and down

- **2.** I (always with an adverbor preposition)
 - · Ann marched straight over and demanded an apology.

storm • • stalk • |informal stomp • |written flounce •

march/storm/stalk/stomp/flounce off/away
march/storm/stalk/stomp/flounce in/into/out/out of sth

Example Bank:

- · Craig marched up to the door and rang the bell.
- Millions of people marched against the war.
- So saying, she marched boldly out of the house.

- The clock marched onward to the year 2005.
- The demonstrators marched on the British embassy.
- The invading army marched on Rome.
- They marched all the way from London to Edinburgh.
- They marched proudly onto the football field.
- They were marching for peace.
- Time marches inexorably on and we still have not made a decision.
- We marched peacefully through the streets.
- · conscripts learning to march in step
- · marching peacefully through the town centre
- protesters marching in support of the students' demands
- · Ann marched straight past me and up the stairs.
- · He marched off, muttering something.
- Hundreds of people marched in support of the teachers' pay claim.
- · Quick march!.
- · She marched briskly down the steps.
- · Troops marched on the town.

<u>Idioms:</u> †get your marching orders = †give somebody their marching orders = †march to a different drum = †on the march <u>Derived</u> †march on = †march on ...

noun

- 1. countable an organized walk by many people from one place to another, in order to protest about sth, or to express their opinions
 - · protest marches
 - to go on a march

compare †demonstration

- 2. countable an act of marching; a journey made by marching
 - The army began their long march to the coast.
- 3. singular the ~ of sth the steady development or forward movement of sth
 - the march of progress/technology/time
- 4. countable a piece of music written for marching to
 - a funeral march

more at steal a march (on sb) at †steal

Word Origin:

late Middle English: from French marcher 'to walk' (earlier 'to trample'), of uncertain origin.

Thesaurus:

march noun C

• The protest march moved slowly along the city streets.

demonstration · · protest · |BrE, informal demo ·

a march/demonstration/protest/demo against sth

a/an anti-war/pro-democracy/anti-government march/demonstration/protest/demo hold/organize/stage/go on/join/participate in/take part in a march/demonstration/protest/demo

Example Bank:

- The army set off on a forced march north.
- The border was still a day's march away.
- The farmers halted the march outside the Ministry of Agriculture.
- The march was broken up by police in riot gear.
- The orchestra struck up a military march.
- There were in excess of 100 000 people at the march.
- There will be a special march past of competitors.
- They reached the enemy position after an arduous approach march.
- · Villages in the army's line of march were burned to the ground.
- a march against racism
- a march for the victims of the war
- · a march marking the thirtieth anniversary of the shootings
- a march of over 30 miles
- a march of over 6 000 people
- the forward march of technology
- the inexorable march of time
- the march from Paris to Brittany
- the march from Selma to Montgomery
- the march of history/progress/science
- the steady march towards equality
- The protest march moved slowly along the city streets.
- Thousands of people from all over the country attended the march.

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

I. march ¹ W2 /ma□t□\$ ma□rt□BrE *

[Date: 1300-1400, Language: Old French; Origin: marchier 'to step heavily]

- 1. [intransitive] if soldiers or other people march somewhere, they walk there quickly with firm regular steps march across/along/past etc
 - On 29 August the royal army marched into Inverness.
 - We marched 50 km across the foothills.

march on

He gathered his troops and prepared to march on the capital (=march to the capital in order to attack it).

Quick march! (=an order to tell people to start marching)

- 2. [intransitive always + adverb/preposition] if a large group of people march somewhere, they walk there together to express their ideas or protest about something:
 - An estimated 5,000 people marched through the city to demonstrate against the factory closures.

march on

- Outraged citizens marched on City Hall (=marched to City Hall), demanding the police chief's resignation.
- 3. [intransitive always + adverb/preposition] to walk somewhere quickly and with determination, often because you are angry march off/out etc
 - Brett marched out of the office, slamming the door behind him.
- 4. [transitive always + adverb/preposition] to force someone to walk somewhere with you, often pushing or pulling them roughly march somebody to/into etc something
 - Mr Carter marched us to the principal's office.
- 5. be given/get your marching orders British English informal to be ordered to leave, especially because someone no longer wants you to work for them or no longer wants a relationship with you
- 6. time marches on used to say that as time goes by, situations change and things do not remain the same
- II. march 2 W3 BrE AmE ^{*} noun [countable]
 - 1. an organized event in which many people walk together to express their ideas or protest about something:
 - The police decided not to ban the march.

protest/civil rights/peace etc march

- I went on a lot of peace marches when I was a student.
- 2. when soldiers walk with firm regular steps from one place to another:
 - The general led his forces on a long march southwards.
- 3. on the march
 - a) an army that is on the march is marching somewhere
 - b) a belief, idea etc that is on the march is becoming stronger and more popular:

Fascism is on the march again in some parts of Europe.

- 4. a day's march/two weeks' march etc the distance a group of soldiers can march in a particular period of time:
 - Lake Van was still three days' march away.
- 5. the march of time/history/progress etc formal the way that things happen or change overtime and cannot be stopped:
 - You can't control the march of science.
 - She was desperate to halt the march of time upon her face and figure.
- 6. a piece of music for people to march to:
 - military marches
 - a funeral march
- 7. marches [plural] the area around the border between England and Wales or between England and Scotland
- ⇒ steal a march on at ↑steal 1(8)

. . . **THESAURUS**

- walk noun [countable] a journey that you make on foot, especially for exercise or enjoyment: I took the dog out for a long walk in the fresh air. | We went for some lovely walks. | Do you fancy going out for a walk?
- hike noun [countable] a long walk in the mountains or countryside: We went for a hike in the woods. | There are some good hikes nearby.
- stroll noun [singular] a slow, relaxed walk: Let's take a stroll in the park. | We went for a stroll along the river.
- wander British English a short relaxed walk, especially to look around a place: We had a wander round the town and then went to the beach.
- trek noun [singular] used when talking about a long walk in the mountains, countryside etc which lasts for several days and which you do for pleasure. Also used about a long tiring walk somewhere, which you do not want to have to do: They went on a three week trek in the Atlas Mountains. | We then had a long trek back to our hotel with all our luggage.
- slog [singular] a long, tiring, and unpleasant walk, which continues for several hours: It was a dreary slog overbleak and windswept hills.
- march noun [countable] an occasion when a group of people walk somewhere together, in order to protest about something: Demonstrators are planning a march through the capital. I a peace march

march Freakuency Pack

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march 41142

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