rent

1. [rent] n

1. 1) квартирная плата

heavy rent - высокая квартирная плата for rent - сдаётся внаём [*см. тж.* 5, 1]

to owe three months' rent - иметь трёхмесячную задолженность по квартплате

2) арендная плата

rent in kind - натуральная арендная плата; выплата аренды продуктами

labour rent - отработка

to pay a high rent for farming land - много платить за аренду сельскохозяйственных земель

2. полит.-эк. рента

absolute [differentia]] rent - абсолютная [дифференциальная] рента

3. доход с недвижимости

4. 1) pl амер. разг. многоквартирные доходные дома

2) амер. недвижимое имущество, приносящее ренту

5. амер.

1) прокат

for rent - выдаётся напрокат [см. тж. 1, 1)]

rent of a machine - прокат машины

2) плата за прокат

2. [rent] v

1. 1) сдавать в аренду, внаём

he rents his house to us for £5000 a year - он сдаёт нам дом за 5000 фунтов в год

2) арендовать, снимать, брать внаём

we rent our house from Mr. G. - мы снимаем дом у г-на Г.

3) сдаваться внаём

the building rents at £5000 a year - это здание сдаётся за 5000 фунтов в год

2. облагать арендной платой

he is lightly rented - он платит небольшую /невысокую/ арендную плату

3. амер.

1) давать напрокат

2) брать напрокат

to rent a dress coat - взять напрокат фрак

II

1. [rent] n

1. 1) дыра; прореха; прорезь; щель

2) разрыв (в облаках)

a pale blue rent shone in the dark cloud - в тёмной туче виднелась светло-голубая полоска

2. расселина, трещина

a rent in the wall - трещина в стене

3. раскол; несогласие

4. горн. скважина

🔗 rents and gaps - дыры, дырки; пробелы

to fill rents and gaps - заткнуть дырки, заполнить пробелы

2. [rent] a

разорванный; прорванный

3. [rent] past u p. p. om rend

rent

rent [rent rents rented renting] noun, verb BrE [rent] NAmE [rent]

see also frend v.

noun

1. uncountable, countable an amount of money that you regularly pay so that you can use a house, etc

- How much rent do you pay for this place?
- The landlord has put the rent up again.
- a month's rent in advance
- a high/low/fair rent
- (BrE) a rent book (= used to record payments of rent)

compare thire n.

2. uncountable, countable (especially NAmE) = [†]rental (¹)

3. countable (formal) a torn place in a piece of material or clothing

Word Origin:

- n. senses 1 to 2 and v. Middle English Old French rente [†]render
- n. sense 3 mid 16th cent. rent 'pull to pieces, lacerate' [†]rend

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

rent / hire / let Verbs

You can hire something for a short period of time (*BrE* only), but rent something for a longer period: • We can hire bikes for a day to explore the town. \diamond We don't own our TV, we rent it.

In NAmE, rent is always used. It is sometimes now used in BrE instead of hire, too.

The owners of a thing can hire it out for a short period (*BrE*): = Do you hire out bikes? Or they can rent (out)/let (out) a building, etc: = We rent out rooms in our house to students.

Outside a building you could see: = To let (*BrE*) $\diamond =$ For rent (*especially NAmE*).

To hire can also mean to employ somebody, especially in NAmE: We hired a new secretary.

see also [†]lease = v. Nouns

The amount of money that you pay to rent something is **rent** or **rental** (more formal). When you hire something you pay a **hire charge** (*BrE*). On a sign outside a shop you might see: = Bikes for hire (*BrE*). see also \uparrow let, \uparrow lease, \uparrow hire = n.

Collocations:

Moving house

Renting

live in a rented/(especially NAmE) rental property

rent/share/move into a furnished house/(BrE) flat/(especially NAmE) apartment

rent a studio/(BrE) a studio flat/(especially NAmE) a studio apartment/(BrE) a bedsit

find/get a housemate/(*BrE*) a flatmate/(*NAmE*) a roommate

sign/break the lease/rental agreement/contract

extend /renew /terminate the lease/(BrE) tenancy

afford/pay the rent/the bills/(NAmE) the utilities

(especially BrE) fall behind with/ (especially NAmE) fall behind on the rent

pay/lose/return a damage deposit/(NAmE) security deposit

give/receive a month's/two-weeks' notice to leave/vacate the property

Being a landlord

have a flat/apartment /room (BrE) to let/(especially NAmE) for rent

rent (out)/lease (out)/ (BrE) let (out)/sublet a flat/apartment/house/property

collect/increase/raise the rent

evict the existing tenants

attract/find new/prospective tenants

invest in rental property/(BrE) property to let/(BrE) the buy-to-let market

Buying

buy/acquire /purchase a house/(a) property/(*especially NAmE*) (a piece of) prime real estate call/contact/use (*BrE*) an estate agent/(*NAmE*) a Realtor ™/(*NAmE*) a real estate agent/broker make/ (*BrE*) put in an offer on a house put down/save for (*BrE*) a deposit on a house make/put/save for (*especially NAmE*) a down payment on a house/home apply for/arrange/take out a mortgage/home loan (struggle to) pay the mortgage make/meet/keep up/cover the monthly mortgage payments/(*BrE also*) repayments (*BrE*) repossess (*especially NAmE*) foreclose on sb's home/house

Selling

put your house/property on the market/up for sale/up for auction increase/lower your price/the asking price have/hold/hand over the deed/(especially_BrE) deeds of/to the house

have/hold/hand over the deed/(especially BrE) deeds of/to the house, land, etc.

Example Bank:

- He couldn't afford the rent by himself.
- The company has paid out a lot of money in rent.
- The company receives rent on local property that it owns.
- The initial rent will be reviewed annually.
- The landlord came around to collect the month's rent.
- The large stores have pushed up the rents in the area.
- The movement advocated the non-payment of rent and taxes.
- The new lease will put her rent up to £200 a week.
- The rent charged depends largely on the size and locality of the flat.
- The rent for the four-roomed house is affordable
- The rent is due on the last day of the quarter.
- The rent will be fixed at 18% of the market value of the property.
- The tenants were not prepared to pay the higher rents demanded.
- Their rent has increased from \$25 200 to \$28 600 a year.
- There was a sign saying 'Room for rent'
- They earned rent from their property in London.
- They get free rent in return for taking care of the house.
- They took the landlord to court over increasing rent levels.
- They weren't paying market rent on the properties.

- Thousands try to avoid the rent man so they can have more cash to spend.
- We gave tenants rent books.
- You put your tenancy at risk if you fall behind with the rent.
- the rent on a factory
- to be liable for arrears of rent
- Rents are rising in the business district.
- The landlord charged them a month's rent in advance.
- They began falling behind in their rent.

Idiom: for rent

verb

1. transitive, intransitive to regularly pay money to sb so that you can use sth that they own, such as a house, some land, a machine, etc

- ~ (sth) to live in rented accommodation /housing/property
- In the long run, it works out more expensive to rent a television than to buy one.
- ~ sth from sb Who do you rent the land from?

2. transitive to allow sb to use sth that you own such as a house or some land in exchange for regular payments

- ~ sth (out) (to sb) He rents rooms in his house to students.
- The land is rented out to other farmers.
- She agreed to rent the room to me.
- ~ sb sth She agreed to rent me the room.
- 3. transitive ~ sth (especially NAmE) to pay money to sb so that you can use sth for a short period of time
- We rented a car for the week and explored the area.
- Shall we rent a movie this evening?
- compare [†]hire $_{v_{1}}$ (¹)

4. intransitive (NAmE) to be available for sb to use if they pay a particular amount of money

• The apartment rents for \$500 a month.

VALUE AND THE	
present simple	
L/you/we/they	rent
	BrE /rent/
	N4mE /renty
	BrE /rent/
	NAME /renty
he / she /it	rents
	BrE /henib/
	NAME /rents/
	BrE /renits/
	NAmE /rents/
past simple, part part	ciple vented
	B/E /rentst/
	NAmE /rentsd/
	B/E /rentsd/
	NAME /rental/
-ing farim	renting
	BrE /rentary
	THAME /rentsh/
	BrE /rentary
	NAME /rentss/

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British/American:

rent / hire / let

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The amount of money that you pay to rent something is **rent** or **rental** (more formal). When you hire something you pay a **hire charge** (*BrE*). On a sign outside a shop you might see: = Bikes for hire (*BrE*). see also \uparrow let, \uparrow lease, \uparrow hire = n.

Example Bank:

- They agreed to rent the land to me.
- We rented a cottage from an agency.
- We rented our house out for a year when we went abroad.
- privately rented accommodation
- He had a list of movies they had rented from the local video store.
- She rented a car at the airport.

- They rented a meeting room in a downtown hotel.
- You can rent mountain bikes and explore the area.

rent

I. rent¹ S2 W3 /rent/ BrE AmE verb

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

1. [intransitive and transitive] to regularly pay money to live in a house or room that belongs to someone else, or to use something that belongs to someone else:

- Most students rent rooms in their second year.
 - I'd rather have my own house than rent.

rent something from somebody

Some farmers rent their land from the council.

2. (also rent out) [transitive] to let someone live in a house, room etc that you own, or use your land, in return for money SYN let British English

rent something (out) to somebody

She rents out two rooms to students.

3. [transitive] *especially American English* to pay money for the use of something for a short period of time **SYN hire** *British English*: Will you rent a car while you're in Spain?

THESAURUS

to pay money to use something

• rent to pay money to use a house, room, vehicle, piece of equipment, area of land etc: He rented a room in a house on the Old Kent Road. | They flew out to New York and rented a car at the airport.

• hire British English to pay money to use a car or a piece of clothing or equipment for a short period of time: Why don't we hire a van for the day? | You can hire suits for weddings.

• lease to have a legal agreement under which you pay money to a person or company in order to use a building, area of land, vehicle, piece of equipment etc for a fixed period of time : They leased the offices from an American company. | The car is leased from BMW.

to allow somebody to use something for money

• rent/rent something out to allow someone to use a house, room, vehicle, piece of equpiment, area of land etc in return for money: She rents the flat out to students.

• let/let something out to allow someone to use a room, house, building etc in return for money: Some people don't want to let rooms to foreigners. | They let the house out while they were on holiday.

Iease/lease something out to make a legal agreement which allows a person or company to use something that you own for a fixed period of time: Santa Clara's RedevelopmentAgency leased the existing city golf course to developers.

rent at/for something phrasal verb

if a house rents at or for an amount of money, that is how much you must pay to use it:

Houses here rent for at least \$1,500 a week.

II. rent² S2 W3 BrE AmE noun

[Sense 1-3: Date: 1100-1200; Language: Old French; Origin: rente, from Vulgar Latin rendita, from Latin reddere; ⇒ [↑]render] [Sense 4: Date: 1500-1600; Origin: rend]

1. [uncountable and countable] the money that someone pays regularly to use a room, house etc that belongs to someone else:

I pay the rent at the beginning of every month.

rent of

an annual rent of £8,000

2. [uncountable and countable] *especially American English* an amount of money that you pay to use a car, boat etc that belongs to someone else:

The rent was only \$20 an hour.

3. **for rent** available to be rented:

Luxury villas for rent.

4. [countable] *formal* a large tear in something made of cloth:

huge rents in the curtains

COLLOCATIONS

ADJECTIVES/NOUN + rent

- high Rents in the city centre are very high.
- low Our workers get low rents and other advantages.
- exorbitant (=extremely high) Some landlords charge exorbitant rents.
- fixed The rent is fixed for three years.
- affordable (=which people can easily pay) The government plans to provide more homes at affordable rents.
- the annual/monthly/weekly rent Our annual rent is just over \$15000.

• ground rent British English (=rent paid to the owner of the land that a house, office etc is built on) There is an additional ground rent of £30 per month.

• a peppercorn rent British English (=an extremely low rent) The colonel let us have the cottage for a peppercorn rent.

- back rent (=rent you owe for an earlier period) Mrs Carr said she is still owed several thousand dollars in back rent.
- the rent is due (=it must be paid at a particular time) The rent is due at the beginning of the week.

verbs

- pay the rent She couldn't afford to pay the rent.
- increase/raise the rent (also put up the rent British English) The landlord wants to put up the rent.

• fall behind with the rent/get behind on the rent (=fail to pay your rent on time) You could be evicted if you fall behind with the rent.

- collect the rent His job is to collect the rents from the tenants.

• the rent increases/goes up The rent has gone up by over 50% in the last two years.

rent + NOUN

- a rent increase How can they justify such big rent increases?

• rent arrears British English (=money that you owe because you have not paid your rent) The most common debts were rent arrears.

a rent book British English (=a book that shows the payments you have made in rent)

THESAURUS

• cost the amount of money you need to buy or do something. Cost is usually used when talking in a general way about whether something is expensive or cheap rather than when talking about exact prices: The cost of running a car is increasing. | the cost of raw materials

• price the amount of money you must pay for something that is for sale: They sell good-quality clothes at reasonable prices. | the price of a plane ticket to New York

• value the amount of money that something is worth: A new kitchen can increase the value of your home.

- charge the amount that you have to pay for a service or to use something: Hotel guests may use the gym for a small charge. | bank charges

• fee the amount you have to pay to enter a place or join a group, or for the services of a professional person such as a lawyer or a doctor: There is no entrance fee. | The membership fee is £125 a year. | legal fees

• fare the amount you have to pay to travel somewhere by bus, plane, train etc: I didn't even have enough money for my bus fare. | fare increases

• rent the amount you have to pay to live in or use a place that you do not own: The rent on his apartment is \$800 a month.

• rate a charge that is set according to a standard scale: Most TV stations offer special rates to local advertisers.

• toll the amount you have to pay to travel on some roads or bridges: You have to pay tolls on many French motorways.

III. rent³ BrE AmE

the past tense and past participle of frend

rent

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