smoke Apresyan (En-Ru)

## **1.** [sməvk] *n*

#### 1. 1) дым; дымок

column of smoke - столб дыма

smoke ammunition - воен. дымовые боеприпасы

smoke apron [blanket] - воен. вертикальная [горизонтальная] дымовая завеса

smoke barrage [candle, pot] - воен. дымовая завеса [свеча, шашка]

the smell of stale smoke - запах застоявшегося табачного дыма

## 2) копоть

cured in smoke - копчёный

dried in smoke - холодного копчения

### 2. курение

to have a smoke - покурить

to long for a smoke - иметь сильное желание закурить

## 3. разг. курево; сигара, сигарета; папироса

dry smoke - незажжённая папироса *или* трубка во рту

to offer smb. a smoke - предложить кому-л. сигарету

- 4. разг. перекур, небольшой перерыв в работе
- 5. дымка; туман
- 6. физ. суспензия твёрдых частиц в газе
- 7. 1) бледно-голубой цвет
- 2) дымчато-серый цвет
- 8. сл. марихуана; редк. гашиш

to blow smoke - курить марихуану или гашиш

- 9. сл.
- 1) враки; похвальба
- 2) грубая лесть

to end in /to come to, to go up in, to vanish into/ smoke - кончиться ничем

to sell smoke - обманывать

there's no smoke without fire - посл. нет дыма без огня

from /out of/ smoke into smother - уст. из огня да в полымя

#### **2.** [sməνk] *ν*

1. дымить; дымиться

the chimney [the fire, the stove] smokes badly - труба [камин, печь] сильно дымит

- 2. 1) коптить (о лампе и т. п.)
- 2) закоптить, покрыть сажей; задымлять

the porridge is smoked - каша пахнет дымом

3. 1) курить

to smoke oneself stupid [sick] - накуриться до одурения [до тошноты]

to smoke oneself into tranquillity - покурить и успокоиться /чтобы успокоиться/

he smokes like a chimney - он много курит

2) куриться

a good cigar will smoke for at least half an hour - хорошая сигара курится не менее получаса the pipe smokes well - эту трубку приятно курить

4. коптить, подвергать копчению

to smoke fish [a ham] - коптить рыбу [окорок]

- 5. 1) окуривать (помещение, растения)
- 2) выкуривать (*mж.* smoke out)

to smoke a woodchuck from his hole - выкурить сурка из норы

6. воен. ставить дымовую завесу

## smoke

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

**smoke** [smoke smokes smoked smoking] noun, verb BrE [sməʊk] NAmE [smoʊk]

## noun

- 1. uncountable the grey, white or black gas that is produced by sth burning
  - · cigarette smoke
  - · Clouds of thick black smoke billowed from the car's exhaust.
- 2. countable, usually singular (informal) an act of smoking a cigarette
  - Are you coming outside for a smoke?

more at blow smoke (up sb's ass) at 1blow v

#### Word Origin:

Old English smoca (noun), smocian (verb), from the Germanic base of smēocan 'emit smoke'; related to Dutch smook and German Schmauch.

## Thesaurus:

#### smoke noun U

• The room was thick with smoke.

fumes · · exhaust · · smog ·

toxic/poisonous smoke/fumes emit/produce/give off smoke/fumes

a cloud of smoke/fumes

## Example Bank:

- · Blue smoke curled up from her cigarette.
- · Don't blow smoke in my face!
- Hundreds of people die each year as a result of exposure to second-hand smoke.
- · I taught myself to blow smoke rings.
- I was taking a smoke break outside.
- She sat there wreathed in cigarette smoke.
- · Smoke rose into the sky.
- The bar was thick with stale tobacco smoke.
- The barn went up in smoke.
- The car ahead was belching out black smoke.
- The club had a smoke machine and laser show.
- The witch disappeared in a puff of smoke.
- · We sat drinking in a haze of cigarette smoke.
- When the smoke cleared we saw the extent of the damage.
- the smell of stale cigarette smoke on your clothes
- · Clouds of thick black smoke billowed from the car's exhaust.
- a smoke alarm/detector

Idioms: †go up in smoke = †no smoke without fire = †smoke-filled room

Derived 1smoke somebody out

#### verb

- 1. transitive, intransitive ~ (sth) to suck smoke from a cigarette, pipe, etc. into your mouth and let it out again
  - · He was smoking a large cigar.
  - How many cigarettes do you smoke a day?
  - Do you mind if I smoke?
- 2. intransitive to use cigarettes, etc. in this way as a habit
  - Do you smoke?
  - She smokes heavily.
  - I'veneversmoked.
  - · You're too young to smoke.
  - He smokes like a chimney (= a lot) .

## see also †chain-smoke

- 3. intransitive to produce smoke
  - smoking factory chimneys
  - the smoking remains of burnt-out cars
  - This fireplace smokes badly (= sends smoke into the room instead of up the 1chimney).
- 4. transitive, usually passive ~ sth to preserve meat or fish by hanging it in smoke from wood fires to give it a special taste

smoked salmon

## Verb forms: verb forms

present simple	
I / you / we /they	smoke
	BrE /smeck/
	NAmE /smook/
he / she /it	smokes
	BrE /smaeks/
	NAmE /smooks/
past simple, past participle	smoked
	BrE /smeekt/
	NAmE /smookt/
-ing form	smoking
	BrE /smeekin/
	NAmE /smookin/

## Word Origin:

Old English smoca (noun), smocian (verb), from the Germanic base of smēocan 'emit smoke'; related to Dutch smook and German Schmauch.

#### Example Bank:

- · He has always smoked heavily.
- · He smokes like a chimney.
- The ham is cured, then lightly smoked.

You see kids openly smoking in the streets.

#### See also: \(^\text{where there's smoke, there's fire}\)

#### smoke

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

I. smoke<sup>1</sup> S3 W3 /sməʊk \$ smoʊk/ BrE \* AmE \* noun

[Word Family: noun:  $\uparrow$ smoke,  $\uparrow$ smoker  $\neq \uparrow$ non-smoker,  $\uparrow$ smoking,  $\uparrow$ smokiness; adjective:  $\uparrow$ smoked, smoking  $\neq \uparrow$ non-smoking,  $\uparrow$ smokeless; verb  $\uparrow$ smoke]

[Language: Old English; Origin: smoca]

- 1. [uncountable] white, grey, or black gas that is produced by something burning:
  - clouds of black smoke
  - cigarette smoke
  - Smoke from burning fields drifted across nearby roads.
    - the pall of smoke (=thick cloud of smoke) that hung over the city

## wisp/puff of smoke (=a small amount of smoke)

- Rangers watched from their fire towers for any wisps of smoke.
- 2. [countable usually singular] an act of smoking a cigarette etc:

He went outside for a quiet smoke.

#### 3. go up in smoke

a) if something goes up in smoke, it burns so that it is completely destroyed:

The whole factory went up in smoke.

b) informal if a plan or some work goes up in smoke, it fails or you cannot continue with it:

We haven't worked this long just to see everything go up in smoke.

4. [countable] spoken a cigarette or drugs that are smoked:

Where are the smokes, Jeff?

- **5.** there's no smoke without fire (also where there's smoke there's fire) spoken used to say that if something bad is being said about someone, it is probably partly true
- **6. when the smoke clears** when things have stopped happening and the results can be clearly seen:
  - When the smoke clears, I think you'll find the company is in a stronger position.
- 7. the Smoke British English old-fashioned informal London or any large town or city

## **COLLOCATIONS**

#### ■ADJECTIVES/NOUN + smoke

- black/blue/white/grey smoke Black smoke poured out of the engine.
- thick/dense smoke Thick smoke spread through the building.
- acrid smoke (=smelling bad and making you cough) The shop was full of thick, acrid smoke.
- cigarette/cigar/tobacco smoke The air was thick with cigarette smoke.
- wood smoke I love the scent of wood smoke.

#### phrases

- a cloud of smoke (=a large amount) He lit a cigarette and blew out a cloud of smoke.
- a billow of smoke (=a large amount of smoke from a fire) The green, fresh leaves will burn slowly, with billows of smoke.
- a pall of smoke (=a thick cloud of smoke hanging over something) A thick pall of smoke hung over Cape Town.
- a column/plume of smoke He could see a thin black column of smoke rising vertically into the sky.
- a puff of smoke (=a small amount that comes quickly from something) There was a puff of white smoke from the man's gun.
- a wisp of smoke (=a thin amount of smoke) Only a few wisps of smoke rose here and there.

#### verbs

- smoke rises Smoke was rising from the top of the tower.
- smoke billows (=large amounts come from a fire) She noticed smoke billowing out of one of the bedrooms.
- smoke drifts The cigarette smoke drifted away on the breeze.
- smoke curls Smoke curled from cooking fires next to a group of tents.
- smoke clears (=disappears) The kitchen door was still open, and inside the smoke was clearing.
- belch (out) smoke (=send out large amounts of smoke) The factories belch smoke.
- II. smoke<sup>2</sup> S2 W2 BrE AmE verb

[Word Family: noun:  $^{\dagger}$ smoke,  $^{\dagger}$ smoker  $\neq ^{\dagger}$ non-smoker,  $^{\dagger}$ smoking,  $^{\dagger}$ smokiness; adjective:  $^{\dagger}$ smoked, smoking  $\neq ^{\dagger}$ non-smoking,  $^{\dagger}$ smoky,  $^{\dagger}$ smokeless; verb  $^{\dagger}$ smoke]

- 1. [intransitive and transitive] to suck or breathe in smoke from a cigarette, pipe etc or to do this regularly as a habit:
  - I don't smoke and I don't drink much.
  - Do you mind if I smoke?
  - He sat on the grass smoking a cigarette.
  - He admitted that he had smoked marijuana when he was a student.
- 2. [intransitive] if something smokes, it has smoke coming from it:
  - a smoking chimney
- 3. [transitive] to give fish or meat a special taste by hanging it in smoke

# smoke somebody/something ⇔out phrasal verb

- 1. to fill a place with smoke in order to force someone or something to come out:
  - He smoked the bees out of their nest.
- 2. to discover who is causing a particular problem and force them to make themselves known:
  - an operation to smoke out double agents

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