soil

l [sɔıl] *n*

Ш

1. почва, грунт poor soil - бедная /неплодородная/ почва rich soil - плодородная /богатая, тучная/ почва unbroken /virgin/ soil - новь, целина alkali soils - солончаки permanently frozen soil - вечная мерзлота playground soil - спорт. грунт поля /игровой площадки/ 2. земля, страна on foreign soil - на чужой земле /стороне/ on one's native soil - у себя на родине, на родной земле a child /a son/ of the soil - a) уроженец данной страны /местности/; б) крестьянин, земледелец; в) дитя природы 1. [sɔil] n 1. грязь, пятно 2. 1) экскременты, нечистоты, отбросы 2) навоз; компост 3. охот. болото или ручей, где прячется загнанное животное 2. [soil] V 1. 1) пачкать, грязнить, марать; покрывать пятнами to soil one's clothes - запачкать одежду splashes of paint soiled the wall - краска забрызгала стену I would not soil my hands with it! - образн. не стоит руки марать! 2) пачкаться, грязниться, мараться white shirts soil easily - белые рубашки быстро пачкаются 2. порочить, осквернять, бесчестить to soil one's reputation - запятнать свою репутацию his actions have soiled the family name - своими поступками он запятнал честь семьи 3. тускнеть 4. валяться в грязи, плескаться в воде (о животных) 5. oxom. спасаться от преследования в болоте или в воде (о животных) 6. c.-x.

- 1) унавоживать, удобрять
- 2) давать скоту зелёный корм

soil

soil [soil soils soiled soiling] noun, verb BrE [soil] NAmE [soil] NAmE [soil]
 noun uncountable, countable
 the top layer of the earth in which plants, trees, etc. grow

- poor/dry/acid/sandy/fertile, etc. soil
- poor/ory/acid/sandy/iertife, et
 the study of rocks and soils
- the study of focks and
- soil erosion
- 2. (literary) a country; an area of land
 - It was the first time I had set foot on African soil.

Word Origin:

- n. late Middle English Anglo-Norman French Latin solium 'seat' solum 'ground'
- v. Middle English Old French soiller Latin sucula sus 'pig'

Thesaurus:

soil noun U, C
Plant the seedlings in damp soil.
earth •• mud •• clay •• ground •• land • |especially AmE dirt • dry soil/earth/mud/clay/ground/land/dirt wet/soft soil/earth/mud/clay/ground/land dig the soil/earth/mud/clay/ground/land cultivate/till/fertilize/drain the soil/ground/land

Synonyms:

soil

mud • dust • clay • land • earth • dirt • ground

These are all words for the top layer of the earth in which plants grow.

soil • the top layer of the earth in which plants grow. • Plant the seedlings in damp soil.

mud • wet soil that is soft and sticky: = The car wheels got stuck in the mud.

dust • a fine powder that consists of very small pieces of rock, earth, etc: = A cloud of dust rose as the truck set off.

clay • a type of heavy sticky soil that becomes hard when it is baked and is used to make things such as pots and bricks: • The tiles are made of clay.

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

land • an area of ground, especially of a particular type: = an area of rich, fertile land

earth • the substance that plants grow in. Earth is often used about the soil found in gardens or used for gardening = She put some earth into the pot.

dirt • (especially NAmE) soil, especially loose soil: = Pack the dirt firmly around the plants.

ground • an area of soil: The car got stuck in the muddy ground. **Ground** is not used for loose soil: a handful of dry ground

good/rich soil/land/earth fertile/infertile soil/land/ground

to **dig** the soil/mud/clay/land/earth/ground

to cultivate the soil/land/ground

Example Bank:

- Keep the soil moist and fertilize weekly.
- Rich loamy soils produce the largest leeks.
- She bought a bag of potting soil.
- She first set foot on French soil at a small Channel port.
- · Soil samples taken from the site revealed massive amounts of radiation.
- The clay soils of the region are difficult to work.
- The flowers do well in sandy soil.
- · declining soil fertility
- fields of newly turned soil
- protests over the siting of nuclear weapons on British soil
- the place where she first set foot on Canadian soil
- · Cutting down forest trees can lead to serious soil erosion.
- · In the valley the soil was waterlogged.
- It was the first time I had set foot on American soil.
- Much of the soil is still contaminated and can't be used.
- Plant the seedlings in damp soil.
- The soil here isn't very good.

verb often passive ~ sth (formal)

to make sth dirty

soiled linen

• (figurative) I don't want you soiling your hands with this sort of work (= doing sth unpleasant or wrong) .

see also *tshop-soiled*

Verb forms: verb forms

present simple	
I / you / we /they	soil
	BrE /sɔɪl/
	NAME /soul/
he / she /it	soils
	BrE /sɔɪlz/
	NAmE /sotiz/
past simple, past participle	soiled
	BrE /sɔt/d/
	NAME /soxid/
-ing form	soiling
	BrE /sɔɪlıŋ/
	NAME /soring/

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soil

I. soil¹ W2 /_{SOI}/ BrE * AmE * noun

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

[Date: 1200-1300; Language: Anglo-French; Origin: 'piece of ground', from Latin solium 'seat', influenced by Latin solum 'ground, soil'] **1.** [uncountable and countable] the top layer of the earth in which plants grow SYN earth:

- fertile soil (=good for growing crops)
- The soil here is very poor (=not good for growing crops).
- Roses grow well in a clay soil.
- 2. on British/French/foreign etc soil formal in Britain, France etc:
 - The crime was committed on American soil.
- **3**. [uncountable] a place or situation where something can develop: Eastern Europe provided <u>fertile soil</u> for political activists.
- 4. sb's native soil literary your own country
- 5. the soil literary farming as a job or way of life:
 - They make their living from the soil.

• • •

ADJECTIVES/NOUN + soil

- good/rich/fertile (=good for growing plants) The fertile soil produces delicious wines.
- poor (=not good for growing plants) If the soil is poor, add manure or compost.
- **deep** The soil near the river is rich and deep.
- thin (=not deep) The thin soil is easily washed away.
- moist/dry Keep the soil moist. | The soil was dry after three weeks without rain.
- light/sandy (=containing a lot of sand) Some plants prefer sandy soils.
- heavy/clay (=containing a lot of clay) The soil was too heavy to grow decent carrots.
- well-drained (=letting water pass through easily) Plant the seedlings out in a warm, sunny position in well-drained soil.
- acid/alkaline Blueberries need acid soil.
- garden soil Try planting them in compost rather than garden soil.

verbs

- work the soil (=prepare the soil to grow plants) They worked the soil with hoes and forks.
- till the soil (=prepare the soil to grow crops) Their time is spent in constantly tilling the soil.

THESAURUS

- soil the top layer of the earth that plants grow in: Roses do best in well-drained, slightly acid soil.
- earth the brown substance that the ground is made up of: Thousands of tons of earth were moved to build the dam.
- dirt American English loose dry earth: a pile of loose dirt in the wheelbarrow
- dust a dry powder made up of extremely small bits of earth or sand: A cloud of dust billowed out behind the tractor.
- mud wet soil that has become soft and sticky: The dog came back covered in mud.

II. soil² BrE ^{*} AmE ^{*} verb [transitive]

[Date: 1200-1300, Language: Old French; Origin: soiller, from soil 'pigsty', probably from Latin suile, from sus 'pig]

- 1. formal to make something dirty, especially with waste from your body
- 2. not soil your hands to not do something because you consider it too unpleasant or dishonest:
 - Keep your money I wouldn't soil my hands with it.

-soiled adjective:

soiled diapers

soil

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