debt [det] n

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

1. 1) долг, долговое обязательство, задолженность

bad debt - безнадёжный долг consolidated debt - долгосрочное обязательство privileged debt - первоочередной долг secured debt - долг с гарантированным возвратом small debts - мелкие долги (подсудные судам графств или шерифским судам) national debt - государственный долг debt burden - налоговое бремя; внешний долг the country's debt burden has tripled - внешний долг страны возрос втрое debt collector - сборщик налогов, агент по взысканию долгов debt owed by smb. - чей-л. долг debt owed to smb. - долг кому-л. debt (to the amount) of ten pounds - долг в сумме десяти фунтов debt of honour - долг чести, особ. карточный долг an action of debt - юр. дело о взыскании долга to be in debt - иметь долги to be deep /deeply, heavily/ in debt - сильно задолжать, быть кругом в долгу to be head and ears in debt, to be head over ears /eyes/ in debt, to be up to one's ears /one's eyes/ in debt = быть в долгу, как в шелку, быть по уши в долгах to be five [ten] pounds in debt - иметь долгов на сумму в пять [десять] фунтов, быть должным пять [десять] фунтов to be in smb.'s debt, to be in debt to smb. - быть у кого-л. в долгу to fall /to get, to run/ into debt - влезть в долги to contract debts - наделать долгов to incur debts - войти в долги to be out of debt - (больше) не иметь долгов to get out of debt - расплатиться с долгами to keep out of debt - не делать долгов to collect a debt - взыскать долг 2) долг, моральное обязательство debt of gratitude [of friendship] - долг благодарности [дружбы] to be in the debt of everybody - быть перед всеми в долгу to put oneself in the debt of smb. - сделаться чьим-л. должником, быть обязанным кому-л. за оказанную услугу 2. библ. грех, прегрешение forgiveus our debts - прости нам наши прегрешения ♦ the debt of /to/ nature - кончина, смерть to pay one's debt to nature, to pay one's last debt - скончаться, почить

debt

debt [debt debts] BrE [det] NAmE [det] noun

1. countable a sum of money that sb owes

- I need to pay off all my debts before I leave the country.
- an outstanding debt of £300
- He had run up credit card debts of thousands of dollars.
- 2. uncountable the situation of owing money, especially when you cannot pay
- He died heavily in debt
- The club is £4 million in debt .
- · We were poor but we never got into debt .
- It's hard to stay out of debt when you are a student.
- · a country's foreign debt burden

see also ↑bad debt

- countable, usually singular the fact that you should feel grateful to sb because they have helped you or been kind to you
- to owe a debt of gratitude to sb
- I would like to acknowledge my debt to my teachers.

Idiom: *tin* somebody's debt

Word Origin:

Middle English dette: from Old French, based on Latin debitum 'something owed', past participle of debere 'owe'. The spelling change in French and English was by association with the Latin word.

Thesaurus: debt noun C. U · He had debts of thousands of dollars. loss · | finance arrears · · liability · · debit · **Opp:** credit in debt/arrears/debit mortgage/tax/outstanding debts/arrears/liabilities fall/get into/pay off debts/arrears

Collocations: Finance Income earn money/cash/(informal) a fortune make money/a fortune/(informal) a killing on the stock market acquire /inherit/amass wealth/a fortune build up funds/savings get/receive /leave (sb) an inheritance/a legacy live on a low wage/a fixed income/a pension get/receive/draw/collect a pension depend /be dependent on (BrE) benefits/(NAmE) welfare/social security Expenditure spend money/your savings/(informal) a fortune on... invest/put your savings in... throw away /waste/ (informal) shell out money on ... lose your money/inheritance/pension use up/ (informal) wipe out all your savings pay (in) cash use/pay by a credit/debit card pay by/make out a/write sb a/accept a (BrE) cheque/(US) check change /exchange money/currency (BrE) traveller's cheques/(US) traveler's checks give/pay/leave (sb) a deposit Banks have/hold/open/close/freeze a bank account/an account credit/debit/pay sth into/take money out of your account deposit money/funds in your account withdraw money/cash/£30 from an ATM, etc. (formal) make a deposit/withdrawal find/go to/use (especially NAmE) an ATM/(BrE) a cash machine/dispenser be in credit/in debit/in the black/in the red/overdrawn Personal finance manage /handle /plan/run/ (especially BrE) sort out your finances plan/manage/work out/stick to a budget offer/extend credit (to sb) arrange/take out a loan/an overdraft pay back/repay money/a loan/a debt pay for sth in (especially BrE) instalments/(NAmE usually) installments Financial difficulties get into debt/financial difficulties be short of/ (informal) be strapped for cash run out of/owe money face/get/ (informal) be landed with a bill for £... can't afford the cost of ... /payments/rent fall behind with/ (especially NAmE) fall behind on the mortgage/repayments/rent incur/run up/accumulate debts tackle/reduce/settle your debts

- Example Bank:
- After a series of meetings, the banks were forced to write off the company's debts.
- Bad debt has hit the bank's profits this year.
- Data show that debt levels at private companies are increasing.
- Faced with a mounting burden of debt, he sold off the company.
- He used the cash to pay off personal debts.
- He wanted to consolidate his debts into one payment.
- He was burdened with crippling debts.
- He was heavily in debt by the time he sought advice.
- I am in Ruth's debt for the excellent advice she gave me.
- In the introduction, the author acknowledges her debt to other writers on the subject.
- It is easy to get into serious debt with a credit card.
- It'll take months to pay off all your debts.
- Managing your student loan debt is not easy.
- She ran up huge debts on her credit card.
- She used her lottery winnings to pay off her outstanding debts.
- She was simply repaying a debt, saving his career in return for him saving hers.
- The company defaulted on its debt and its assets were seized.
 The company back and its assets were seized.
- The company has reached a deal allowing it to restructure its debts.
- The company has reached a deal with its major creditors allowing it to restructure its debts.
- The country has a national debt of 80% of GNP.

- The fall in exports has left the country unable to service its debts.
- The first step in managing your debt is to stop incurring it.
- The national debt stands at \$7 billion.
- The new governments main aim is to tackle the country's massive debt.
- · We offer financial and debt-management advice.
- We owe a great debt of gratitude to our families for their support.
- We're all struggling to stay out of debt.
- Without a job, he'll never clear his debts.
- You can get out of debt by strict economizing.
- a company faced with mounting debts
- a debt secured on property
- · a solution to the debt crisis of the developing world
- debts arising from bad investments
- · the substantial debts that the company owed to the bank
- He died heavily in debt.
- It's hard to stay out of debt when you are a student.
- Only two payments were made, leaving an outstanding debt of £300.
- She had run up credit card debts of thousands of dollars.
- The aid currently pouring into the country will have little impact on its massive debt burden.
- The company wrote it off as a bad debt.
- We were poor but we nevergot into debt.

AmE

debt

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

debt S3 W2 /det/ BrE

[Date: 1200-1300, Language: Old French; Origin: dette, from Latin debitum, from debere 'to owe]

1. [countable] a sum of money that a person or organization owes

noun

debt of

- She had debts of over £100,000.
- " He had enough money to pay off his outstanding debts.
- students who run up huge debts

2. [uncountable] when you owe money to someone OPP credit

in debt (to somebody)

- Nearly half the students said they were in debt.
- The band will be in debt to the record company for years.

£200/\$1,000 etc in debt

- A rash business decision left him \$600 in debt.
- get/run/fall etc into debt
 - The club sank deeper into debt.
- be heavily/deeply in debt (=owe a lot of money)
- 3. [countable usually singular] the degree to which you have learned from or been influenced by someone or something else debt to
 - Braque <u>acknowledged</u> his <u>debt</u> to Impressionist painting.
- 4. debt of gratitude/thanks the fact of being grateful to someone who has helped you:
 - l <u>owe a debt of gratitude</u> to my tutors.

COLLOCATIONS

verbs

- have debts Fortunately, I have no debts.
- run up debts (also amass debts formal) (=borrow more and more money) At that time he was drinking a lot and running up debts.
- pay off a debt (=pay the money back) The first thing I'm going to do is pay off my debts.
- repay/settle a debt formal (=pay the money back) He was hoping he would soon have enough money to settle his debts.
- clear your debts (=repay all of them) It took him three years to clear his bank debts.
- service a debt (=pay the interest on a debt, but not pay it back) By then, she was borrowing more money just to service her debts.
- write off/cancel a debt (=say officially that it does not have to be paid) The bank finally agreed to write off the debt.
- be burdened with/saddled with debts (=have big debts) Many poor countries are saddled with huge debts.
- reduce a debt The programme aims to reduce the debt of the world's poorest countries.

ADJECTIVES/NOUN + debt

- big/large The debts got bigger and bigger.
- huge (=very big) Young people often leave university with huge debts.
- unpaid /outstanding (=not yet paid) The averageoutstanding debt on credit cards in Britain is now over£3,000.
- heavy debts (=big debts) The company wanted to reduce its heavy debts.
- a bad debt (=one that is unlikely to be paid back) Companies lose millions of pounds each year from having to write off bad debts.
- a bank debt (=one that you owe to a bank) The company closed with bank debts of about £350 million.
- the national debt (=the total amount that is owed by the government of a country) Their national debt is the third largest in the world.

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THESAURUS

• **Ioan** *noun* [countable] an amount of money that is borrowed, especially from a bank or company, which you agree to pay back by the end of a period of time: We took out a loan to buy a new car. [He is paying back a \$50,000 loan.

• mortgage noun [countable] a large amount of money that someone borrows from a bank or company to buy a house: Nick told me the mortgage on his apartment is worth about \$90,000. | Anyone taking out a mortgage should be aware that interest rates can go up at any time. | It took my parents nearly thirty years to pay off their mortgage.

• interest noun [uncountable] money that you pay for borrowing money, especially that you pay every year or every month at a fixed rate: Credit companies charge huge amounts of interest. | What's the interest on the loan?

• overdraft noun [countable] British English the amount of money that you owe to bank when you have spent more money than you had in your account: I left university with no job and a big overdraft. | 20% of the bank's customers regularly use their overdraft facility. | You have to pay a fee for unauthorized overdrafts.

• **debt** *noun* [uncountable and countable] an amount of money that a person or organization owes: The company now has debts of almost £2 million.] A lot of the money went towards paying his debts.] The family were \$100,000 in debt (*=they owed \$100,000*).

• credit noun [uncountable] an arrangement with a shop or bank that allows you to buy something and pay for it later: We bought the furniture on credit. | He had a credit limit of £7,000.

Freakuency Pack

debt

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