employ

1. [im'plɔi] *n*

1. работа по найму; служба

to be in [out of] employ - иметь работу /службу/ [быть безработным]

to be in the employ of smb. - работать/служить/ у кого-л.

to have in one's employ - иметь у себя на службе, нанимать

the company has ten stenographers in its employ - в компании работает 10 стенографисток

to be in the government's employ - быть на государственной службе

2. арх., поэт. дело, занятие

2. [ım'plɔı] v

1. предоставлять работу, нанимать; держать на службе, работе; пользоваться услугами

the factory employs about a thousand workers - на фабрике занято около тысячи рабочих

to be employed - работатьпо найму, служить (у кого-л.)

100 men are employed by the firm - штат фирмы состоит из 100 человек

to be gainfully employed - иметь оплачиваемую работу

2. употреблять использовать, применять

to employ one's time in reading - проводить время за чтением

- to employ a pen for sketching для эскизов пользоваться пером
- to employ questionable methods пользоваться сомнительными методами
- to employ capital использовать капитал

to employ the right word - употребить нужное слово

your time can be more profitably employed - вы можете употребить своё время с большей пользой

3. 1) часто refl заниматься

he employed himself in growing roses after he retired - после выхода на пенсию он занялся разведением роз

2) занимать (кого-л.)

- to employ a child at cutting out paper dolls занять ребёнка вырезанием бумажных кукол
- 4. тех. загружать оборудование

employ

em·ploy [employ employs employed employing] verb, noun BrE [Im'ploI] " NAmE [Im'ploI]

verb

- 1. to give sb a job to do for payment
- ~ sb How many people does the company employ?
- ~ sb as sth For the past three years he has been employed as a firefighter.
- ~ sb to do sth A number of people have been employed to deal with the backlog of work.

see also *†self-employed*, *†unemployed*

2. ~ sth (formal) to use sth such as a skill, method, etc. for a particular purpose

- He criticized the repressive methods employed by the country's government
- The police had to employ force to enter the building.

Verb forms: verb forms

present simple	
1 / you / we /they	employ
	BrE /2m'pb2/
	NAmE /1m 'plb1/
he / she /it	employs
	BrE /1m pb12/
	NAmE /1m 'plb1z/
past simple, past participle	employed
	BrE /1m 'p(b1d/
	NAmE /1m 'plb1d/
-ing form	employing
	BrE /1m'pb11ŋ/
	NAME /IM 'pbIII)/

Word Origin:

late Middle English (formerly also as imploy): from Old French employer, based on Latin implicari 'be involved in or attached to', passive form of implicare, from in- 'in' + plicare 'to fold'. In the 16th and 17th cent. the word also had the senses 'enfold, entangle' and 'imply', derived directly from Latin; compare with *timplicate*.

Thesaurus:

employ verb T

• More people have been employed to deal with the extra work.

take sb on • • recruit • • contract • • appoint • • sign • |especially AmE hire • |especially BrE, formal engage • |law retain • Opp: dismiss

employ/take on/recruit/appoint/sign/hire/engage/retain sb as sth

employ/take on/recruit/contract/appoint/sign/hire/engage/retain sb to do sth employ/take on/recruit/contract/hire workers/staff

Collocations: Jobs Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

Getting a job look for work look for/apply for/go for a job get/pick up/complete /fill out/ (BrE) fill in an application (form) send/email your (BrE) CV/(NAmE) résumé/application/application form/covering letter be called for/have/attend an interview offer sb a job/work/employment/promotion find/get/land a job employ/ (especially NAmE) hire/recruit/ (especially BrE) take on staff/workers/trainees recruit/appoint a manager Doing a job arrive at/get to/leave work/the office/the factory start/finish work/your shift do/put in/work overtime have/gain/get/lack/need experience/qualifications do/get/have/receive training learn/pick up/improve/develop (your) skills cope with/manage/share/spread the workload improve your/achieve a better work-life balance have (no) job satisfaction/job security Building a career have a job/work/a career/a vocation find/follow/pursue/ (especially NAmE) live (out) your vocation enter/go into/join a profession choose/embark on/start/begin/pursue a career change jobs/profession/career be/ (both especially BrE) work/go freelance do/take on temp work/freelance work do/be engaged in/be involved in voluntary work Leaving your job leave / (especially NAmE) quit/resign from your job give up work/your job/your career hand in your notice/resignation plan to/be due to retire in June/next year, etc.

Example Bank:

take early retirement

- A large part of the workforce is employed in agriculture.
- By 1960 the arms industry directly employed 3.5 million people.
- · Mark is currently employed as a Professor of Linguistics.
- Self-checkout terminals are increasingly employed by retailers.
- Some teachers employ more traditional methods.
- The army has far more junior officers than it can usefully employ.
- The safety net is an image commonly employed in everyday life.
- Those not gainfully employed are dependent on their savings.
- When properly employed, non-lethal weapons will save lives.
- Will and Joe were busily employed in clearing out all the furniture.
- You'd be far better employed taking care of your own affairs.
- Your time would be better employed doing something else.
- teaching that actively employs computers in innovative and fruitful ways
- the tactics employed by the police

• He criticized the repressive methods employed by the country's government

Idioms: 1 temployed in doing something = 1 in somebody's employ = 1 in the employ of somebody

noun uncountable

Word Origin:

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employ

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

I. em ploy¹ S3 W2 /ɪm'plɔɪ/ BrE ^{*} AmE ^{*} verb [transitive]
[Word Family: noun: [†]employee, [†]employer, [†]employment ≠ [†]unemployment, [†]unemployed, [†]employ; adjective: employed ≠ [†]unemployed, [†]employable; verb [†]employ]

[Date: 1400-1500; Language: French; Origin: emploier 'to use', from Latin implicare; ⇒ [†]implicate]

1. to pay someone to work for you:

The factory employs over 2,000 people.

employ somebody as something

Kelly is employed as a mechanic.

employ somebody to do something

"We have been employed to look at ways of reducing waste.

REGISTER

In everyday English, people usually say **give** someone a **job** rather than **employ** someone, and **have a job** rather than **be employed** :

- They gave him a job delivering furniture.
- He has a job at the factory.

2. to use a particular object, method, skill etc in order to achieve something

employ a method/technique/tactic etc

The report examines teaching methods employed in the classroom.

REGISTER

In everyday English, people usually say **use** a method rather than **employ** a method.

3. [usually passive] formal to spend your time doing a particular thing

be employed in (doing) something

Her days are employed in gardening and voluntary work.

... THESAURUS

• use: Do you mind if I use your phone? | They rebuilt the church using local stone. | We use a range of different methods.

• make use of something to use something that is available to you: Staff can make use of a wide range of facilities. | She made full use of her contacts within the organization.

• employ formal to use a particular method or skill in order to achieve something: The surgeons employed a new technique. | They employed every means at their disposal (=every available method).

• **utilize** *formal* to use something that is available to you, for a practical purpose: The company has developed a new way to utilize solar energy. | a better way of utilizing the space

• exploit to use something as fully and effectively as possible, or to use something that will give you an advantage over your opponent: The country's natural resources have not yet been fully exploited. | He was quick to exploit any weakness in his opponent's argument.

• apply to use something such as a method, idea, or system in a particular situation: New technology is being applied to almost every industrial process. | I wanted to apply the things that I had learned on the course.

• draw on something to use information, knowledge, or experience that you have learned in the past: He was able to draw on his own experience as a diplomat when he was writing the book. | Journalists draw on information from many different sources.

• resort to something to use violence, force, threats etc as a way of achieving something: Extremists on both sides resort to violence. | We are prepared to resort to force if necessary.

II. employ ² BrE AmE noun

[Word Family: noun: †employee, †employer, †employment \neq †unemployment, †unemployed, †employ; adjective: employed \neq †unemployable; verb †employ]

in sb's employ old-fashioned working for someone:

He had a number of servants in his employ.

employ

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