Apresyan (En-Ru)

1. [in] *n*

in

1. 1) (the ins) *pl парл. разг.* политическая партия, находящаяся у власти [*см. тж.* 👌]

2) обыкн. рІ находящийся у власти; влиятельноелицо

he is one of the ins in top management - он одно из влиятельных лиц в руководстве компаний

3) влияние, власть; связи

he has an in with the Senator - сенатор прислушивается к его мнению; *раза*. он свой человек у сенатора he's got an in with influential people - у него есть связи среди влиятельных людей

2. pl команда, отбивающая мяч (крикет, бейсбол)

2. [in] a

1. расположенный внутри, внутренний

the in part - внутренняя часть

2. направленный, обращённый вовнутрь

the in train - прибывающий поезд

3. находящийся у власти

the in party - правящая партия

4. разг. предназначенный для узкого круга, для посвящённых

some in jokes - шутки, понятные только посвящённым

an in gathering - узкий круг, свои люди

to feel in - чувствовать себя участником или членом чего-л., испытывать чувство общности, приобщённости

5. 1) разг. модный, популярный

it's the in thing to do - это сейчас очень модно

2) отзывающийся на всё новое

the in crowd - следящие за модой

6. спорт. подающий

the in side - команда, подающая мяч (крикет, бейсбол)

3. [in] adv

1. 1) внутри

is anyone in? - есть ли тут /там/ кто-нибудь?

the ball is in! - спорт. (мяч) хорош!

2) дома; у себя (на работе, в своём кабинете и т. п.)

he is not in today - его нет сегодня (дома, на работе $u\ m.\ n.$)

to live in - жить по месту работы

3) внутрь, туда; передаётся тж. глагольными приставками

come in! - войдите!

bring him in! - введите его!

open your bag and put the money in - открой сумку и положи в неё деньги

4) с внутренней стороны

a coat with the fur-side in - шуба на меху

2. амер. указывает на длительность процесса:

it set in to rain - заладил дождь

3. в сочетаниях:

to be in - a) прибывать; the mail is in - почта поступила; the train isn't in yet - поезд ещё не прибыл; б) быть убранным; the harvest is in - урожай убран; в) наступать (о сезоне); spring is in - наступила весна; strawberries are in - наступил сезон клубники; football is over and hockey is in - сезон футболаокончился, наступил сезон хоккея; г) быть в моде; short skirts are in again - вновь модны короткие юбки; д) быть в тюрьме; what is he in for? - за что его посадили?; е) быть у власти; the Liberal candidate is in - прошёл кандидат либералов ж) гореть; is the fire still in? - огонь ещё горит?; to keep the fire in - поддерживать огонь; з) спорт. подавать мяч (крикет, бейсбол); which side is in? - какая команда подаёт?

♦ to have it in for smb. - иметь зуб на кого-л.

year in, year out, day in, day out, etc - из года в год, изо дня в день u m. п.; монотонно

in and out - a) снаружи и внутри; б) то внутрь, то наружу; то туда, то сюда

he is always in and out of the house - он то и дело приходит к нам

to know smth. in and out - знать что-л досконально

in with it! - внесите сюда!

to be (well) in with smb. - быть в хороших отношениях с кем-л.; пользоваться чьим-л. расположением; *разг*. быть вхожим к кому-л.

not to be in it - разг. не иметь преимущества перед кем-л., чем-л.

his rivals are not in it with him - его соперники не могут с ним сравниться

you are not in it - у тебя нет ни малейших шансов

to be in for smth. - a) находиться в ожидании чего-л. (*особ*. неприятного); he knows he is in for it - он знает, что ему от этого не уйти; we are in for a storm - грозы не миновать; she is in for a rude awakening - её ожидает горькое разочарование; he is in for a long stay there - ему предстоит долго находиться там; б) быть согласным принять участие в чём-л.

to be in for a competition - быть в составе участников конкурса

to be in on smth. - разг. быть участником чего-л.

these firms are in on nearly every big deal - эти фирмы участвуют почти во всех крупных сделках

4. [ın] *v диал.*

1. собирать, убирать in the hay before it rains - уберите сено, пока нет дождя 2. окружать, огораживать 1. в пространственном значении указывает на 1) нахождение в пределах или внутри чего-л. в, на in a box - в коробке in the house - в доме in a picture - на картине 2) нахождение в каком-л. месте в, на in the street - на улице in the sky - на /в/ небе in town [in the country] - в городе [в деревне] in the British Isles - на Британских островах in southern Africa - на юге Африки in every part of the world - во всех районах мира in Cyprus - на Кипре in France - во Франции in Rome - в Риме in the north - на севере in the distance - вдали, вдалеке in these latitudes - на этих широтах in my place - на моём месте he is working in the fields - он работаетв поле birds twittered in the trees - на деревьях чирикали птицы her eyes were serious in her smiling face - глаза на её улыбающемся лице были серьёзны in hospital - в больнице in prison - в тюрьме in school - в школе in bed - в кровати in the second chapter, in chapter two - во второй главе in Pushkin - у Пушкина, в произведениях Пушкина I read about it in the newspapers - я прочёл об этом в газетах in his speech - в его речи 3) направление или движение внутрь в in which direction did he go? - в какую сторону он пошёл? in all directions - во всех направлениях to put smth. in one's pocket - положить что-л. в карман throw this paper in the fire - брось эту бумагу в огонь insert the key in the lock - вставь ключ в замок 2. во временном значении указывает на момент или период времени, часть суток, время года, год, век и т. п. в, в течение, за, через; вместе с сущ. передаётся тж. соответствующими наречиями in the morning - утром in the daytime - в дневное время, днём in summer - летом in January - в январе in (the year) 1960 - в 1960 г. in the 19th century - в XIXв. in the 80's, in the eighties - в 80-е годы in the early 1970's - в начале 70-х годов in recent years - в /за/ последние годы in years to come - в предстоящие годы in those times - в те времена in my time - в моё время in the days of, in the time(s) of - во времена in postwar history - в послевоенной истории in (the) future - в будущем in the near future - в ближайшем будущем in the past - в прошлом in due time - в своё /соответствующее/ время in good time - незамедлительно, своевременно; заблаговременно in the hour of danger - в момент опасности neverin my life - никогда в жизни she is in her sixteenth year - ей пошёл шестнадцатый год he is in the sixties - ему за шестьдесят I'll come in a minute - я сейчас приду to do smth. in no time - сделать что-л мгновенно /быстро/ I'll do it /I did it/ in two hours - я сделаю /я сделал/ это за два часа he'll be here in three hours - он будет здесь через три часа 3. указывает на атмосферные и др. внешние условия в, на

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in good [bad] weather - в хорошую [плохую] погоду
 to go out in the rain [in the storm] - выходить в дождь [в грозу]
 in the cold - на холоде
 in the wind - на ветру
 in the dark - в темноте
 to sit in the sun - сидеть на солнце
 to go for a walk in the moonlight - прогуливаться при лунном свете
4. указывает на обстоятельства, условия в; в сочетании с герундием может передаваться деепричастием
 in the circumstances - при таких обстоятельствах
 in his absence - в его отсутствие
 in crossing the street - переходя улицу /при переходе через улицу/
 in power - у власти
 in danger - в опасности
 in a friendly atmosphere - в дружественной обстановке
 lost in transit - утерян при перевозке /в пути/
 to work in peace - трудиться в условиях мира
5. указывает на физическое или душевное состояние кого-л., состояние предмета и т. п. в
 he is in bad [in good] health - он болен [здоров]
 to be in good [in bad] condition /state/ - быть в хорошем [в плохом] состоянии
 in tears - в слезах
 in despair - в отчаянии
 in a troubled state - обеспокоенный, взволнованный
 in debt - в долгах
 any man in his senses - любой нормальный человек
 to be in love - быть влюблённым
 to be in a rage - быть в ярости
 in order - в порядке
 in (good) repair - в хорошем состоянии
 cow in calf - стельная корова
6. указывает на внешний вид, одежду и т. п. в
 in white - в белом
 in silk - в шелку
 in rags - в лохмотьях
 in a felt hat - в фетровойшляпе
 in mourning - в трауре
 in uniform - в форме
 in his shirt-sleeves - без пиджака
 what shall I go in? - что мне надеть?, в чём мне пойти?
 a sofa upholstered in leather - кушетка, обитая кожей
7. указывает на причину или цель в, от
 to cry out in alarm [in surprise] - закричать /вскрикнуть/ от страха [от удивления]
 in answer, in reply - в ответ
 in smb.'s behalf - в чьих-л. интересах
 in behalf of smb. - в пользу кого-л.
 in honour - в честь
 in memory of - в память
 in protest - в знак протеста
 to act in self-defence - действовать в порядке самозащиты
 in preparation for smth. - готовясь к чему-л.; в порядке подготовки к чему-л.
 in implementation /fulfilment/ of smth. - в осуществление чего-л.
8. указывает на образ действия, стиль и т. п. в; передаётся тж. твор. падежом, а в сочетании с сущ. тж.
наречиями
 in haste - в спешке, второпях
 in a few words - в нескольких словах
 in detail - подробно
 to speak in a low [in a loud] voice - говорить тихим [громким] голосом
 to talk in whispers /in a whisper/ - говорить шёпотом
 in a certain manner - определённым образом
 in the French style - во французском стиле
 in public - публично
 in consultation with - при консультациях с
 in cooperation with - в сотрудничестве с
 in close contact with - в тесном контакте с
 in accordance with - в соответствиис, согласно
9. указывает на характер расположения лиц, предметов по; передаётся тж. твор. падежом, а в сочетании с сущ.
тж. наречиями
 in rows - рядами
 in groups - группами
 in columns - колоннами
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in pairs - парами

in alphabetical order - в алфавитномпорядке a novel in two parts - роман в двух частях books packed in dozens - книги, упакованные по двенадцать штук in barrels - бочками in cases - яшиками in bulk - a) внавалку; б) целиком 10. указывает на сферу проявления признака или область действия в, на, по in all aspects - во всех отношениях in this matter - в этом вопросе the revolution in technology - революция в технике cuts in spending - сокращения расходов to have a stake in smth. - быть заинтересованным в чём-л. to hold in respect - относиться с уважением to limit arms in types and numbers - ограничивать вооружения по видам и количествам equal in strength - равный по силе a foot in length [in width] - фут в длину [в ширину] broad in the shoulders - широкий в плечах blind in one eye - слепой на один глаз rich in oil - богатый нефтью there is nothing in my size - моего размера ничего нет (об одежде $u\ m.\ \pi.$) he was infortunate in his friends - ему не везло с друзьями she is superior to him in knowledge - по знаниям она выше него he is advanced in years - он уже в годах, он уже не молод to vary in colour - различаться по цвету to differ in meaning - отличаться по смыслу she is weak in English [physics] - она слаба в английском языке [в физике] a book [a lecture, an examination] in mathematics - книга [лекция, экзамен] по математике a specialist in history - специалист по истории 11. указывает на 1) участие в чём-л. в accomplices in a crime - соучастники преступления /в преступлении/ partner in life - спутник жизни a participant in a conference - участник конференции 2) включение в there is 10 per cent for service in the bill - в счёт входят 10 процентов за обслуживание the coldest day in the last three months - самый холодный день за последние три месяца I did not know he had it in him - a) я не знал за ним таких качеств; б) я не знал, что он способен на это 12. указывает на место работы, род занятий, вид или область деятельности, принадлежность к определённой группе лиц в; передаётся тж. твор. падежом to be in the army - служить в армии to work in an office - работать в учреждении /конторе/ to be in a club - быть членом клуба to be in trade - заниматься торговлей, работать в торговле to be in employment - работать по найму he is in politics - он является политическим деятелем, он занимается политикой she spent much time in reading - она проводила много времени за чтением he played an important role in promoting exports - он сыграл важную роль в развитии /в деле развития/ экспорта books in foreign languages - книги на иностранных языках in real terms - в реальном исчислении /выражении/ in black and white - разг. чёрным по белому, в письменной или печатной форме to pay in cash - платить наличными a letter written in pencil - письмо, написанное карандашом 14. указывает на количественное соотношение и разделение на, в, из

13. указывает на способ выражения, средство, материал и т. п.

one in ten - каждый десятый, один из десяти

once in ten years - раз в десять лет

15. указывает на степень или объём в

in large quantities - в большом количестве

in some measure - в какой-то мере, до некоторой степени

in all - в целом, в общей сложности

he is not in the slightest degree interested - он ни в малейшей степени не заинтересован

16. употребляется при указании грамматической формы слова в

in the singular - в единственном числе

in the future tense - в будущем времени

17. употребляется с различными глаголами [см. в соответствующих глаголах]

18. в сочетаниях:

in front of - перед, впереди; у

he stood in front of a grocer's window - он стоял перед витриной бакалейного магазина

to get in front of oneself - амер. разг. действовать быстро и энергично; превзойти самого себя

in general - a) в общем; в общем плане; в целом; б) вообще

they liked everything in general, but the pictures in particular - им понравилось вообще всё, но больше всего картины in itself - сам по себе; как таковой

the thing in itself is not valuable - этот предмет сам по себе не является ценным

in the end - в конечном счёте; в конце концов; наконец

in use - в употреблении, используемый

in fashion - в моде

in return - в ответ, в обмен, взамен; в свою очередь, со своей стороны, в порядке компенсации, в оплату

другие сочетания см. под соответствующими словами

in part - частично, отчасти

the report says in part - в докладе, в частности, говорится

in that - в том отношении, что; тем что; поскольку; так как

this decision did more harm than good in that it made the procedure still more complicated - это решение принесло больше вреда, чем пользы, так как процедура ещё более усложнилась

in

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

in preposition, adverb, adjective, noun BrE [In] NAmE [In]

preposition For the special uses of **in** in phrasal verbs, look at the entries for the verbs. For example **deal in sth** is in the phrasal verb section at **deal**.

1. at a point within an area or a space

- a country in Africa
- The kids were playing in the street.
- · It's in that drawer.
- · I read about it in the paper.

2. within the shape of sth; surrounded by sth

- · She was lying in bed.
- · sitting in an armchair
- Leave the key in the lock.
- · Soak it in cold water.

3. into sth

- · He dipped his brush in the paint.
- She got in her car and drove off.

4. forming the whole or part of sth/sb; contained within sth/sb

- There are 31 days in May.
- all the paintings in the collection
- I recognize his father in him (= his character is similar to his father's) .

5. during a period of time

- in 2009
- in the 18th century
- in spring/summer/autumn/winter
- in the fall
- in March
- in the morning/afternoon/evening
- · I'm getting forgetful in my old age.

6. after a particular length of time

- to return in a few minutes/hours/days/months.
- It will be ready in a week's time (= one week from now).
- She learnt to drive in three weeks (= after three weeks she could drive) .
- 7. (used in negative sentences or after first, last, etc.) for a particular period of time
 - I haven'tseen him in years.
 - It's the first letter I've had in ten days.

8. wearing sth

- · dressed in their best clothes
- the man in the hat
- to be in uniform
- · She was all in black.

9. used to describe physical surroundings

- We went out in the rain.
- · He was sitting alone in the darkness.

10. used to show a state or condition

- I'm in love!
- The house is in good repair.
- I must put my affairs in order.
- a man in his thirties
- · The daffodils were in full bloom.

11. involvedin sth; taking part in sth

- to act in a play
- 12. used to show sb's job or profession
- He is in the army.
- She's in computers

in business

- 13. used to show the form, shape, arrangement or quantity of sth
 - a novel in three parts
 - · Roll it up in a ball.
 - They sat in rows.
 - People flocked in their thousands to see her.

14. used to show the language, material, etc. used

- Say it in English.
- · She wrote in pencil.
- Put it in writing.
- I paid in cash.
- · He spoke in a loud voice.

15. concerning sth

- · She was not lacking in courage.
- · a country rich in minerals
- three metres in length

16. while doing sth; while sth is happening

- In attempting to save the child from drowning, she nearly lost her own life.
- In all the commotion I forgot to tell him the news.

17. used to introduce the name of a person who has a particular quality

• We're losing a first-rate editor in Jen.

18. used to show a rate or relative amount

- · a gradient of one in five
- · a tax rate of 22 pence in the pound

Word Origin:

Old English in (preposition), inn, inne (adverb), of Germanic origin; related to Dutch and German in (preposition), German ein (adverb), from an Indo-European root shared by Latin in and Greek en.

<u>Idioms:</u> †have an in with somebody = †in and out = †in at something = †in for something = in on something = †in that = †in to something = †in with somebody = †ins and outs

adverb For the special uses of **in** in phrasal verbs, look at the entries for the verbs. For example **fill in (for sb)** is in the phrasal verb section at **fill**.

1. contained within an object, an area or a substance

- · We were locked in.
- · I can't drink coffee with milk in.

2. into an object, an area or a substance

- She opened the door and went in.
- The kids were playing by the river and one of them fell in.

3. (of people) at home or at a place of work

· Nobody was in when we called.

Opp: ↑out

- 4. (of trains, buses, etc.) at the place where people can get on or off, for example the station
 - The bus is due in (= it should arrive) at six.
- 5. (of letters, etc.) received
- · Applications must be in by April 30.
- 6. (of the 1tide) at or towards its highest point on land
- · Is the tide coming in or going out?

7. elected

- · Several new councillors got in at the last election.
- 8. (in †cricket, †baseball, etc.) if a team or team member is in, they are batting
- 9. (in [†]tennis, etc.) if the ball is in, it has landed inside the line
 - · Her serve was just in.

Word Origin:

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adjective usually before noun (informal)

popular and fashionable

- Purple is the in colour this spring.
- Exotic pets are the in thing right now.
- Short skirts are in again.

see also †in-joke

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in I. in ¹ S1 W1 /_{In}/ BrE * AmE * preposition

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

[Language: Old English]

1. used with the name of a container, place, or area to say where someone or something is:

- There's some sugar in the cupboard.
- My mother was in the kitchen.
- He took us for a drive in his new car.
- I found her sitting up in bed.
- Manson spent fifteen years in prison.
- a hole in the ground
- Mr Fisher is in Boston this week.
- My parents live in New Zealand now.

2. into a container, place etc:

- I neverwent in pubs.
- He almost drowned when he fell in the river.
- You can put your pyjamas in the bottom drawer.
 - Get in the car.
- She looked in her handbag, but her keys were not there.

3. used to say how something is done or happens:

- a room furnished in the modern style
- Her parents always talk to her in German.
- She shouted my name in a harsh voice.
- a short note scribbled in pencil
- The title was printed in capital letters.
- We waited in silence.

4. used with the names of months, years, seasons etc to say when something happens:

- Shaw first visited Russia in 1927.
- Bright yellow flowers appear in late summer.
- He retired in October.

5. during a period of time:

- It was amazing how much we managed to do in a day.
- the hardest decision I ever made in my life

GRAMMAR

Do not use in before 'this', 'last', and 'next' when saying when something happens:

- I got a letter from my sister this morning (NOT in this morning).
- I hope to go to Europe next summer (NOT in next summer).

You do not normally use in when saying how often something happens during a particular period of time:

- The group meets four times a week (NOT four times in a week). But when you are emphasizing how often something happens, you can use **in** in front of **one**:
- She was late for school four times in one week.

6. at the end of a period of time:

- I'll be with you in a minute.
- The results will be announced in two weeks' time.

7. used with negatives or with 'first' to say how much time has passed since the last time something happened:

- I haven't enjoyed myself so much in years.
- It was the team's first win in eighteen months.

8. used to name the book, document, film etc where something or someone appears:

- You shouldn't believe everything you read in the newspapers.
- Which actress starred in the film 'Cleopatra'?
- There are a few mistakes in your essay.
- In his speech, Professor Leary praised the work of the volunteers.

9. making up the whole of something or included as part of something:

- There are twelve programmes in the series.
- How many minutes are there in an hour?
- Think of a word with eight letters in it meaning 'cold'.
- Owen will be playing in the England team tomorrow.

10. doing or affecting a particular kind of job:

- a career in industry
- He's been in politics for fifteen years.
- reforms in education

11. wearing something:

- He looked very handsome in his uniform.
- She was dressed in a blue linen suit.

12. used to talk about the state or situation of something or someone: I hear that their marriage is in trouble. The engine appears to be in good condition. His life was in danger. The castle now lies in ruins.

13. used to say what activity a group of people do:

About 4,000 students took part in the protest.

his role in the negotiations

14. used to talk about the shape, arrangement, or course of something or someone:

I want you all to stand in a circle.

She slept curled up in a ball.

Can you walk in a straight line?

15. used between a smaller number and a larger number to say how common or how likely something is:

One in ten homes now has cable TV.

Smokers have a one in three chance of dying from their habit.

16. used before a plural number or amount to say how many people or things are involved, or how many there are in each group:

Eggs are still sold in half dozens.

The children work in pairs.

in their hundreds/thousands etc (=in very large numbers)

People flocked in their thousands to greet their new princess.

17. used between a smaller number or amount and a larger one to say what a rate is:

Income tax stands at 23 pence in the pound.

a hill with a gradient of one in six

18. used to say what colour something is or what it is made of:

Do you have the same pattern in blue?

a sculpture in white marble

19. used to say what specific thing your statement is related to:

Milk is very rich in calcium.

Clark had become more extreme in his opinions.

an increase in fuel prices

The street is about a mile in length.

20. used to refer to the weather or the physical conditions somewhere:

I've been standing in the rain for over an hour.

Would you prefer to sit in the shade?

21. used to say what feeling you have when you do something:

She looked at me in horror.

It was all done purely in fun.

22. used before the name of someone or something when you are saying how they are regarded:

You have a very good friend in Pat.

In Dwight D. Eisenhower the Republicans had found the ideal candidate.

23. used to say what person or thing has the quality you are mentioning:

There was a hint of spring in the air.

I don't think Freddy had it in him to be a killer.

She's everything I'd want in a wife (=she has every quality I would want a wife to have).

24. used to name the substance, food, drink etc that contains something:

Vitamin D is found in butter.

25. used to say how many parts something is divided into:

a radio serial in four parts

in two/halves/pieces etc

I tore the letter in two and threw the pieces in the fire.

26. while doing something or while something is happening, and as a result of this:

In all the confusion, it is quite possible that some people got tickets without paying.

In my excitement, I forgot all about the message.

in doing something

In trying to protect the queen, Howard had put his own life in danger.

27. in that used after a statement to begin to explain in what way it is true:

I've been lucky in that I have never had to worry about money.

28. be in your 20s/30s/40s etc to be between the ages of 20 and 29, 30 and 39 etc:

Matthews was already in his mid-40s.

 \Rightarrow in all at \uparrow all¹(11)

. . .

THESAURUS

- after preposition after something happens, or after a period of time has passed. After is used especially when taking about the past: We went for a walk after lunch. After an hour, we got tired of waiting and went home. They got married just after Christmas.
- in preposition after a particular period of time. In is used especially when talking about the future, especially the next few minutes, hours, days etc: The concert's due to start in a few minutes. | I'll come back in an hour. | In a few years' time, this place will look completely different.
- within preposition after less than a month, two weeks etc has passed used especially when the time seems surprisingly short: within a month/two weeks etc: He developed a headache at lunchtime, and within two hours he was dead. | Within two days

of arriving she had managed to upset everyone.

- 24 hours/a year etc from now at a time 24 hours, a year etc after now: A week from now we'll be in Paris.
- afterwards (also afterward especially American English) adverb after an event or time you have mentioned: Jones admitted afterwards that she had been very nervous during the game. | Speaking to reporters afterward, he said the operation had been a success. | He moved to Belgium, and soon afterwards he met Angela.
- later adverb some time after now or after the time you are talking about: I'll tell you about it later when I'm less busy. | two months/three years etc later: James went off, and came back ten minutes later with some food.
- **subsequently** adverb formal after something had happened in the past: The book was published in 1954 and was subsequently translated into fifteen languages.
- II. in ² S1 W1 BrE * AmE * adverb
 - 1. into or inside a container, place, vehicle etc **OPP out**:
 - Eric held the boat steady while the children got in.
 - He went to the ticket machine and put a coin in.
 - She dived in and swam out to the yacht.
 - 2. inside or into a building, especially your home or the place where you work OPP out:
 - Come in and sit down.
 - I'm afraid Mr Stewart won't be in until tomorrow morning.
 - We're staying in this evening.
 - **3**. if a train, boat, or plane is in, it has arrived at a station, airport etc:
 - Our train's not in yet.
 - When's her flight due in?
 - **4**. given or sent to a person or organization to be dealt with by them:
 - All entries must be in by next week.
 - Letters have been pouring in from all over the country.
 - Have you handed your essay in yet?
 - **5**. if you write, paint, or draw something in, you add it in the correct place:
 - Fill in your name and address on the form provided.
 - The information is typed in by trained keyboarders.
 - 6. if a player or team is in during a game of ↑cricket(2), they are ↑batting
 - 7. if a ball is in during a game, it is inside the area where the game is being played OPP out:
 - Agassi's second serve was just in.
 - **8**. if a politician or a political party is in, they have been elected:

Labour recorded its highest vote ever, but the Tories got in again.

- 9. towards the centre SYN inward(s):
 - The map had started to curl in at the edges.
- **10**. when the [†]tide is in, the sea by the shore is at its highest level **OPP out**:
 - The tide was in, and the sea lapped against the harbour wall.
- 11. be in for something if someone is in for something unpleasant, it is going to happen to them:
 - I'm afraid he's in for a bit of a disappointment.
- 12. be in for it informal if someone is in for it, they are going to be punished:
 - If they find out what I've done, I'll be in for it, won't I?
- 13. be/get in on something to be or become involved in something that is happening:
 - I think you ought to be in on this discussion, Ted.
- **14**. **be in with somebody** *informal* to have a friendly relationship with someone:
 - She's in with the theatrical crowd.
 - You have to be well in with the directors (=be very friendly with them) if you want to get promotion here.
- 15. be in at the beginning /start (of something) to be present or involvedwhen something starts
- \Rightarrow have (got) it in for somebody at $^{\uparrow}$ have²(41)
- III. in 3 BrE * AmE * adjective
 - informal fashionable OPP out:
 - Red is definitely the in colour this year.
 - Long skirts are in at the moment.
 - I joined the club because it seemed the in thing to do.

THESAURUS

- fashionable popular at a particular time: fashionable clothes | It was fashionable to have red hair. | His theories were fashionable in the 1980s.
- **trendy** *informal* modern and fashionable often used in a slightly disapprovingor joking way: a trendy tie | a trendy restaurant | The area has become very trendy and a lot of artists live there.
- **stylish** *adjective* fashionable and well-designed in an attractive way: She was wearing a stylish two-piece suit. | The furniture looked very stylish and modern.
- cool adjective informal fashionable used especially when you think someone or something looks good: Michael looked very cool in his dark jacket and sunglasses. | a cool shirt
- happening [only before noun] *informal adjective* a happening place is fashionable and lively: London has always been a happening place.
- be in fashion verb phrase to be fashionable at a particular time: The Sixties look is back in fashion.
- in adjective informal fashionable at a particular time. In is not used before a noun, except in the phrases below: Pale colours are in. | New York was the in place to be. | Yoga has become the in thing to do.
- IV. in⁴ BrE * AmE * noun

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V. in<sup>5</sup> BrE
                                   British English, in. American English (plural in or ins)
   the written abbreviation of inch or inches
                                                                                                                                                                  Freakuency Pack
in
   <sub>12500</sub>6MCW
   150008COCA
   RANGE: 1k IN 7675890
     in 7661696
     inner 14194
   COCA 500k Unlemmatized
     <sub>168563</sub>5<sup>7128510</sup> ii
     83508167<sup>210218</sup> rp
     75631211172181 ii31
     4577547584915 rr21
     246001010<sup>40020</sup> bcl21
     8505397710136 cs21
     <sub>3862</sub>5991<sup>6162</sup> nnu
     <sub>3469</sub>8770<sup>3698</sup> rl21
     1182173091366 ii41
     907193261153 nn1
     <sub>733</sub>21963<sup>938</sup> jj
     61422773885 jj21
     65226203699 ii21
     23443440<sup>289</sup> rr31
     <sub>247</sub>43938<sup>283</sup> cs41
     9069334<sup>119</sup> np1
     3014184030 rg41
     <sub>12</sub>183562<sup>19</sup> jj31
     14 18861918 vbz
     11243705<sup>11</sup> cc
     11245675<sup>11</sup> pphs1
     <sub>8</sub>278486<sup>9</sup> pph1
     <sub>8</sub>2948558 ppy
     53764345 at1
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1. the ins and outs of something all the facts and details of something:

The job is pretty boring, but it's an in to a career in publishing.

5391080⁵ pphs2 4425351⁴ csa 4425405⁴ dd1

The book guides you through the ins and outs of choosing and growing garden flowers.

2. [singular] especially American English a way of getting the opportunity to do something or influence someone: