all Apresyan (En-Ru)

1. [ɔ:l] *n*

1. (часто All) всё сущее; мир, вселенная

this above all - это превыше всего

2. самое дорогое или ценное для кого-л.

to give [to lose] one's all - отдать [потерять] самое дорогое на свете to stake one's all in this struggle - поставить на карту всё в этой борьбе

2. [ɔ:l] a

1. 1) весь, целый, вся, всё

all his life - вся его жизнь

he lived here all his life - он прожил здесь всю свою жизнь

all the time - всё время

all (the) day - весь /целый/ день

he sat up all night - он не ложился (спать) всю ночь; он вообще не ложился

all the year round - круглый год

all England [the country, the world] - вся Англия [страна, весь мир]

all the company - вся компания

2) BCE

all men - все (люди)

all things - всё, все вещи

all countries - все страны

at all times - во все времена, всегда

a film suitable for all ages - фильм, который могут смотреть взрослые и дети

all men [things] are not equally dependable - не на всех людей [не на всё] можно в равной степени полагаться

2. всякий, всевозможный; любой

in all directions - во всех направлениях

all manner of ... - всякого рода ...

all manner of men [of things] - всякие /разные/ люди [вещи]

in all respects - во всех отношениях

at all events - во всяком /в любом/ случае, при всех обстоятельствах

at all hours - в любое время

3. весь, наибольший, предельный; максимально возможный

with all respect - с полным /с должным, со всем/ уважением

with all speed - с предельной скоростью

in all haste - со всей поспешностью

he spoke in all earnestness - он говорил со всей серьёзностью /совершенно серьёзно/

I wish you all happiness - я желаю вам самого большого счастья

4. какой-нибудь, какой бы то ни было

beyond all doubt - вне всякого сомнения

he denied all responsibility [intention] - он сказал, что он ни за что не отвечает [что у него не было подобных намерений]

5. эмоц.-усил. весь

he was all ears - он весь обратился в слух

he was all eyes - он смотрел во все глаза

I am all attention - я весь внимание

she is all gratitude - она сама благодарность

he was all smiles - он весь расплылся в улыбке

a face all pimples - не лицо, а одни прыщи

6. амер. диал. (за)кончившийся, истёкший; ≅ был да сплыл

the pie is all - весь пирог съеден; пирог кончился

the butter is all - масло кончилось, масла больше нет

 \lozenge all things require skill but an appetite - **посл**. \cong аппетит даётся от рождения

of all people - кто-кто, но не вы (выражение удивления чьим-л. поступком, кем-л.)

of all people he should be the last to complain - не ему бы жаловаться!; у него меньше всех оснований для жалоб

why ask me to help, of all people? - с какой стати/почему/ вы обращаетесь за помощью именно ко мне?

of all idiots /nitwits/! - \cong свет таких дураков не видел!

3. [ɔ:l] *adv*

1. 1) всецело, целиком, полностью

all set - готовый к действию, в полной готовности

the pin is all gold - булавка вся из золота

all covered with mud - весь забрызганный грязью /в грязи/

that's all wrong - это совсем не так, это неверно

things are all wrong - всё идёт не так, всё пошло прахом

I am all for staying here - я целиком за то, чтобы остаться здесь

my wife is all for calling in a doctor - моя жена обязательно хочет позвать врача

2) совсем, совершенно

he was all alone - он был совершенно один

he did it all alone - он сделал это без посторонней помощи /сам, самостоятельно

he arrived all too late - он пришёл совсем поздно

3) только, ничего кроме, исключительно

he spent his income all on pleasure - он тратил(свои) деньги только на развлечения all words and no thoughts - сплошные /одни/ слова и никаких (своих) мыслей 2. спорт. жарг. поровну, ровно (о счёте) the score was two all - счёт был по два love all - по нулю, 0:0 3. в сочетаниях: all along - разг. а) всё время, всегда I knew it all along - я всегда это знал; мне это было давно известно; б) = all along the line [см. along II 1, 2); см. тж. all along] all round, all around - кругом, со всех сторон [см. тж. all-around II, all-round] all through - всё целиком, до конца to read a book all through - прочитать книгу от корки до корки riding all through the night - ехал всю ночь напролёт all at once - вдруг, сразу, внезапно; одновременно has he made up his mind all at once? - он что же, вдруг так сразу и решил? all of a sudden - вдруг, неожиданно all but cm. all but all the better [worse] - тем лучше [хуже] all the more (so) - тем более; тем больше оснований (сделать, сказать что-л.) all the same - a) безразлично, всё равно; it's all the same to me whether he comes or not - мне всё равно, придёт он или нет; if it is all the same to you - если вы не возражаете; если это вам безразлично; б) всё-таки, тем не менее; all the same I wish you hadn't done it - и всё же мне жаль, что вы это сделали all one - всё равно, безразлично it's all one to me - мне это безразлично not all there - a) придурковатый, глуповатый; б) чокнутый, «с приветом» he is not quite all there - у него не все дома all in *см*. all in all out cm. all out all over- a) см. all over, б) (по)кончено, закончено, завершено their troubles are all over- все их неприятностипозади it is all over with him - с ним всё кончено; с ним покончено; для него всё кончено, он погиб the game is all over- игра окончена all up - a) полигр. (полностью) набранный, б) безнадёжный, пропащий; it's all up with him - they've caught him - теперь ему крышка /с ним покончено, он человек конченый/ - они схватили /поймали/ его all of a dither /doodah, flutter/ - в состоянии растерянности и недоумения 4. [3:1] indef pron 1. 1) BCE all agree - все согласны all are present - все присутствуют we all love him - мы все его любим they all came late - все они опоздали 2) BCË all is lost - всё пропало is that all you want to say? - это всё, что вы хотите сказать? I know it all - я всё это знаю all in good time - всё в своё время in the middle of it all - в середине /в разгаре/ всего этого (разговора, события u m. π .) 2. в сочетаниях: all of - a) все; all of them must come - они все должны прийти, б) всё; all of it - всё (целиком) all of this is beside the point - всё это к делу не относится it cost him all of 1000 dollars - это ему стоило по меньшей мере /целых/ 1000 долларов most of all - больше всего I love him most of all - я люблю его больше всего best of all - a) лучше всего (the) best of all would be to ... - лучше всего было бы ...; б) больше всего I love him best of all - я люблю его больше всех when I was busiest of all - когда я был больше всего занят one and all, each and all - все до одного all and sundry, one and all - все без исключения, все подряд, все до одного ⊘ not at all - a) ничуть; not at all good [clever, stupid] - нисколько /совсем, отнюдь/ не хорош [не умён, не глуп]; б) пожалуйста, не стоит благодарности (в ответ на «спасибо») nothing at all - a) совсем ничего; б) ерунда and all - a) и всё остальное; he bought the house and all - он купил дом и всё, что в нём было; б) и так далее, и всё такое прочее, и тому подобное I wash and scrub and dust and all - я стираю, мою полы, вытираю пыль и так далее

all in all - a) в итоге, всего; all in all, the article undergoes 20 inspections - в итоге каждое изделие проверяется 20 раз; б) в общем; take it all in all, this has been a hard week - в общем и целом неделя была трудная; all in all, he is right - в общем /в

in all - всего

there were only ten men in all - их было всего десять (человек)

целом/ он прав; all in all, it might be worse - в общем, дело могло обернуться хуже; в) самое дорогое; самое важное; her work was all in all to her - работа была для неё всем; they are all in all to each other - они души друг в друге не чают; г) полностью, целиком

and trust me not at all or all in all - и либо вовсе мне не верь, либо доверяй полностью /во всём/

take smb.. smth. for all in all - в полном смысле

he is a man, take him for all in all - он настоящий мужчина

all to pieces - в полном упадке сил (физических и моральных)

for all - хотя

for all he is so silent nothing escapes him - хоть он и молчит, ничто не ускользает от его внимания

all for nothing - зря, напрасно

for all I care - ≅ мне это безразлично

he may be dead for all I care - мне совершенно всё равно, жив он или нет

for all he may say ... - что бы он ни говорил /ни сказал/ ...

at all - a) вообще; if he comes at all - если он вообще придёт; б) хоть сколько-нибудь

if he coughs at all she runs to him - стоит ему только кашлянуть, она бежит к нему

if you hesitate at all - если вы хоть сколько-нибудь колеблетесь/сомневаетесь/

without at all presuming to criticize you ... - отнюдь не желая критиковать вас ...

not to know what all - и так далее, и прочее

she must have a new hat, new shoes, and I don't know what all - ей нужна новая шляпа, новые туфлии всякое такое

if at all - a) если и есть, то очень мало; б) если это случится /произойдёт/

he will write to you tomorrow if at all - он вам напишет завтра, если вообще будет писать

he will be here in time if at all - если он придёт, то (придёт) вовремя

all to the good - всё к лучшему

all told - с учётом всего; в общем и целом

there were six people all told - в конечном счёте их оказалось шестеро

all that см. all that

all very well but ... - это всё прекрасно, но ... (выражает сомнение)

she says he's reliable which is all very well, but it doesn't convince me - она говорит, что он человек надёжный, но меня это не очень убеждает

it's all very well for you to say so, but ... - вам легко так говорить, но ...

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

all determiner, pronoun, adverb BrE [2] NAME [2]

determiner

- 1. (used with plural nouns. The noun may have the, this, that, my, her, his, etc. in front of it, or a number.) the whole number of
 - All horses are animals, but not all animals are horses.
 - Cars were coming from all directions (= every direction).
 - All the people you invited are coming.
 - · All my plants have died.
 - · All five men are hard workers.
- 2. (used with uncountable nouns. The noun may have the, this, that, my, her, his, etc. in front of it.) the whole amount of
 - · All wood tends to shrink.
 - You've had all the fun and I've had all the hard work.
 - · All this mail must be answered.
 - · He has lost all his money.
- 3. used with singular nouns showing sth has been happening for a whole period of time
 - He's worked hard all year.
 - She was unemployed for all that time.

4. the greatest possible

- In all honesty (= being as honest as I can), I can't agree.
- 5. consisting or appearing to consist of one thing only
 - The magazine was all advertisements.
 - She was all smiles (= smiling a lot) .

6. any whatever

· He denied all knowledge of the crime.

more at for all at for prep

Word Origin:

Old English all, eall, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch al and German all.

Idioms: 1 all about somebody = 1 all along = 1 all around = 1 all but = 1 all for for doing something = 1 all in = 1 all in all = 1 all in one = fall of something = fall over= fall oversomebody = fall round = fall that = all the better/harder = fall there = fall up = fand all = ↑and all that = ↑at all = ↑in all = not all that good/well = ↑not as bad as all that = ↑not at all = of all people/things = ↑of all the ... = ∱your all

pronoun

1. the whole number or amount

- All of the food has gone.
- They've eaten all of it.
- · They've eaten it all.

- · I invited some of my colleagues but not all.
- · Not all of them were invited.
- All of them enjoyed the party.
- They all enjoyed it.
- · His last movie was best of all.
- 2. (followed by a relative clause, often without that) the only thing; everything
 - All I want is peace and quiet.
 - It was all that I had.

more at above all at fabove prep., after all at fafter prep., end it all at fend v., put an end to yourselfput an end to it all at fend n., for all at for prep, on/from all sides at side n

Word Origin:

Old English all, eall, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch al and German all.

Which Word?:

altogether / all together

Altogether and all together do not mean the same thing. Altogether means 'in total' or (in BrE) 'completely': • We have invited fifty people altogether. • I am not altogether convinced by this argument.

All together means 'all in one place' or 'all at once': ■ Can you put your books all together in this box? 🗢 Let's sing 'Happy Birthday'. All together now!

adverb

1. completely

- · She was dressed all in white.
- · He lives all alone.
- The coffee went all over my skirt.

2. (informal) very

- She was all excited.
- · Now don't get all upset about it.
- 3. ~ too... used to show that sth is more than you would like
 - I'm all too aware of the problems.
 - The end of the trip came all too soon.
- 4. (in sports and games) to each side
 - The score was four all.

Word Origin:

[all] Old English all, eall, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch all and German all.

See also: fall around

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

I. all ¹ S1 W1 /ɔ□\\$ v□/I BrE ້ AmE * determiner, predeterminer, pronoun

1. the whole of an amount, thing, or type of thing:

Have you done all your homework?

all your life/all day/all year etc (=during the whole of your life, a day, a year etc)

- He had worked all his life in the mine.
- The boys played video games all day.
- They were quarrelling <u>all</u> the time (=very often or continuously).
 - Hannah didn't say a single word all the way back home (=during the whole of the journey).

all of

- Almost all of the music was from Italian operas.
- I've heard it all before.
- She'd given up all hope of having a child.

2. every one of a number of people or things, or every thing or person of a particular type:

- Someone's taken all my books!
- Will all the girls please stand over here.
- All children should be taught to swim.
- 16 per cent of all new cars sold in Western Europe these days are diesel-engined.
- They all speak excellent English.

all of

important changes that will affect all of us

3. the only thing or things:

- All you need is a hammer and some nails.
- All I'm asking for is a little respect.

4. *formal* everything:

- I'm doing all I can to help her.
- I hope all is well with you.
- All was dark and silent down by the harbour wall.

5. used to emphasize that you mean the greatest possible amount of the quality you are mentioning:

Can any of us say in all honesty that we did everything we could?

6. **at all** used in negative statements and questions to emphasize what you are saying:

- They've done nothing at all to try and put the problem right.
- He's not looking at all well.
- 'Do you mind if I stay a little longer?' 'No, not at all.'
- Has the situation improved at all?

7. all sorts/kinds/types of something many different kinds of something:

Social workers have to deal with all kinds of problems.

8. of all people /things/places etc used to emphasize that your statement is true of one particular person, thing, or place more than any other:

- You shouldn't have done it. You of all people should know that.
- She did not want to quarrel with Maria today, of all days.

9. all in all used to show that you are considering every part of a situation:

All in all, it had been one of the most miserable days of Henry's life.

10. for all something in spite of a particular fact:

For all his faults, he's a kind-hearted old soul.

For all my love of landscape, nothing could persuade me to spend another day in the Highlands.

11. **in all** including every thing or person:

In all, there were 215 candidates.

We received £1,550 in cash and promises of another £650, making £2,200 in all.

12. and all

a) including the thing or things just mentioned:

They ate the whole fish – head, bones, tail, and all.

b) spoken informal used to emphasize a remark that you have just added:

And you can take that smelly old coat out of here, and all!

13. all of 50p/20 minutes etc spoken used to emphasize how large or small an amount actually is:

The game lasted all of 58 seconds.

The repairs are going to cost all of £15,000.

14. it's all or nothing used to say that unless something is done completely, it is not acceptable:

Half-heartedness won't do – it's got to be all or nothing.

15. give your all to make the greatest possible effort in order to achieve something:

The coach expects every player to give their all in every game.

16. it was all I could do to do something used to say that you only just succeeded in doing something:

It was all I could do to stop them hitting each other.

17. when all's said and done spoken used to remind someone about an important point that needs to be considered:

When all's said and done, he's only a kid.

\Rightarrow for all somebody cares at $^{\uparrow}$ care $^{2}(8)$, \Rightarrow for all somebody knows at $^{\uparrow}$ know $^{1}(33)$, \Rightarrow all and sundry at $^{\uparrow}$ sundry(1), \Rightarrow after all at $^{\uparrow}$ after $^{1}(13)$

GRAMMAR

Use a singular verb after all when you are using an uncountable or singular noun:

- All the food is prepared in advance. Use a plural verb when you are using a plural noun:
- All the windows have locks.

If you are referring to a specific group or thing, use all (of) before 'the', 'my', 'these' etc:

- All the money (NOT The all money) had been spent.
- All of my friends were girls. If you are referring to a type of person or thing, use **all** directly before an uncountable noun or plural noun:
- All reptiles have scaly skin. If you are saying that something happened continuously, use all directly before 'day', 'week' etc:
- It rained all day yesterday.

When all follows a pronoun or noun referring to a group, it should come after the first auxiliary if there is one:

- This is something in which we can all be involved(NOT we all can be involved). It comes after a simple tense of 'be':
- They are all lawyers.

all, whole

With a singular noun, it is possible to use whole instead of all:

a war that could destroy the whole planet

II. all ² S1 W1 BrE * AmE * adverb

1. [always + adjective/adverb/preposition] completely:

- You shouldn't be sitting here by yourself, all alone.
- a strange woman, dressed all in black
 - If people want more freedom of choice, then I'm all for it (=I strongly support it).
 - 'It was a dreadful experience.' 'Nevermind, it's all over (=completely finished) now.'

2. all over (something)

a) everywhere on an object or surface:

There were bits of paper all over the floor.

- He has cuts all overhis legs.
- She ached all over (=her whole body ached).

b) everywhere in a place:

- Antique clocks from all overthe world are on display.
- People came from all over the country.

They're putting up new offices all overthe place.

- 3. all the better/easier/more etc used to emphasize how much better, easier etc something is than it would be in a different situation:
 - Clayton's achievement is all the more remarkable when you consider his poor performance last season.
 - The job was made all the easier by having the proper tools.
- 4. all but almost completely:
 - Britain's coal industry has all but disappeared.
 - His left arm was all but useless.
- **5**. **all too** used to mean 'very' when talking about a bad situation:
 - All too often it's the mother who gets blamed for her children's behaviour.
 - In these conditions it was all too easy to make mistakes.
- **6.** all along informal all the time from the beginning while something was happening:
 - Chapman had known all along that the plan wouldn't work.
 - We had to admit that Dad had been right all along.
- 7. all round British English, all around American English
- a) used to say that you are describing the general quality or effect of something:
 - All round it's not a bad car.
 - It was a nasty business all round.
- **b)** from everyone, for everyone, or involving everyone:
 - There were smiles all round.
 - " He paid for drinks all round.
- 8. one-all /two-all etc used when giving the score of a game in which both players or teams have scored the same number of points:

 The game ended one-all.
- **9**. **all told** including everything or everyone:
 - a project costing £10,000, all told
- 10. it's all up (with somebody) informal British English used to say that someone's success or happiness has ended:
 - If someone tells the police, then it'll be all up with me.
- 11. be not all there informal someone who is not all there seems stupid or slightly crazy
- 12. be all smiles/innocence/sweetness etc to be showing a lot of a particular quality or type of behaviour:
 - The mayor and mayoress were all smiles and kisses during the grand ceremony.
- 13. be all over somebody informal to be trying to kiss someone and touch them, especially in a sexual way:
 - Before I could speak, he was all overme.

SPOKEN PHRASES

. . .

- 14. very:
 - You're getting me all confused.
- 15. that's somebody all over used to say that a particular way of behaving is typical of someone:
 - He was late of course, but that's Tim all over!
- 16. be all in British English to be very tired
- 17. somebody was all ... American English used to report what someone said or did, when telling a story:
 - He drove me home, and he was all, 'I love this car ... it's like a rocket.'
- 18. not all that not very:
 - It doesn't sound all that good, does it?
 - I don't think it matters all that much.
- 19. somebody/something is not all that used to say that someone or something is not very attractive or desirable:
 - I don't know why you keep chasing her around. She's not all that.

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