on Apresyan (En-Ru)

## 1. [pn] a

# 1. ближний, внутренний

the on side - более близкая ( $\kappa$  собеседнику, зрителю u m.  $\pi$ .) сторона

2. спорт. часть поля, на которой стоит игрок с битой (крикет)

on drive - удар в сторону, на которой находится игрок с битой

# 3. разг. эффективный действующий; имеющий силу

it was one of his on days - он был в хорошей форме/в ударе/ в тот день

4. разг

### 1) осведомлённый, знающий

he is the most on person here - он здесь самый информированныйчеловек, он знает всё и вся

#### 2) подходящий; приличный

it's a most on situation - это очень подходящий случай

# 5. вполне возможный, достижимый; лёгкий

not to be on - быть нереальным/начисто исключённым/

# **2.** [pn] adv

#### 1. указывает на

## 1) нахождение на поверхности чего-л.:

tea is on - чай подан /на столе/

#### 2) движение на поверхность чего-л.:

put the kettle on - поставь чайник (на плиту u m. n.) he climbed (up) on the wall - он взобрался на стену

2. указывает на

#### 1) продолжение действия:

to work [to write] on - продолжать работать [писать]

she sang on - она всё пела (и пела)

go on! - продолжайте! [см. тж. 2)]

go on reading - читай(те) дальше

the war still went on - война всё шла /продолжалась/

I held on to the rope - я держался за канат

the orator went on to say ... - затем оратор заявил ...

#### 2) продвижение вперёд - в пространственном и временном значении вперёд

go on! - иди(те) вперёд /дальше/ [см. тж. 1)]

on, John, on! - вперёд, Джон, вперёд!

he sent the luggage on - багаж он отправил вперёд

time glides on - время бежит (незаметно)

time is getting on - время идёт

# 3) приближение к какому-л. моменту к

to be well on in years - быть в годах

it is getting on for six o'clock - скоро будет шесть (часов)

he is going on for five - ему скоро исполнится пять (лет)

it was well on at night [in September] - была глубокая ночь [был в разгаре сентябрь]

# 4) удаление - в пространственном и временном значении:

further on - дальше

later on - позднее, позже

from ... on - начиная с

from now [that day] on - начиная с сегодняшнего [того] дня

#### 3. указывает на наличие или наступление действия или процесса:

the game is on - игра идёт

the play was on for months - пьеса много месяцев не сходила со сцены

what is on today? - что идёт сегодня (в кино, театре)?

he is on as Macbeth tonight - он играет роль Макбета сегодня

on with the show! - a) начинайте представление!; б) спектакль надо продолжать!

the rain is on again - опять идёт /пошёл/ дождь

breakfast is on from eight to ten - завтрак подают с восьми до десяти

a terrible row was on - творилось что-то невообразимое

have you anything on this evening? - вы заняты сегодня вечером?

the crisis came on - наступил кризис

# 4. указывает на включённость или работу механизма, прибора, системы и т. п. - часто передаётся глагольными приставками в-, за-

to turn on the tap - открывать кран

the machine was on - машина работала

the radio is on - радио включено

to switch /to turn/ on the gas - включить газ

to put the brakes on - затормозить

the light is full on - свет горит всюду

#### 5. указывает на

1) надевание одежды или наличие её на ком-л., на натягивание чехла и т. п. в, на; передаётся тж. глагольными приставками:

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to have one's hat [shoes] on - быть в шляпе [в ботинках]
   what had he on? - что на нём было (надето)?
   he had his spectacles on - он был в очках
   put on your coat - надень пальто
   put the tablecloth on - постели скатерть
   try these shoes on - померь эти туфли
  2) нанесение чего-л. на поверхность предмета в, на; передаётся тж. глагольными приставками:
   rub the ointment on - вотрите эту мазь
  6. указывает на направление на, к
   to head on (to) - мор. держать курс (на)
   stern on - мор. кормой к (ветру, берегу и т. п.)
  7. ком. указывает на увеличение выше
   the price [the quotation] is 3 points on - цена [котировка] выше на три пункта
    on and off - от случая к случаю, время от времени
   on and on - бесконечно, не переставая
   they talked on and on for hours - они болталичасами (без умолку)
   to be on - a) заключать пари; б) быть навеселе
   he is a little bit on - он слегка навеселе
   to be on (for smth.) - быть за (что-л)
   I'm on (for it) - я - за (это), я с удовольствием
   to be on to smb. - a) раскусить /разгадать/ кого-л.; they were on to him at once - они сразу его раскусили; б) (по)говорить с
   кем-л.; he's been on to me about this matter - он поговорил со мной по поводу этого дела; в) нападать (на чей-л. след); the
   police are on to him - полиция напала на его след; г) придираться к кому-л.
   he is always on to me - он всегда ко мне придирается
   to get on to smb. - a) добраться до кого-л.; he got on to me only yesterday - он добрался до меня только вчера; б) застать
   кого-л.
   I got on to him on the phone - я застал его по телефону
   to be on to smth. - узнать, догадаться о чём-л.; понять что-л.
   he was on to it at last - наконец он это понял
   it's not on! - a) это невозможно!; you can't refuse now, it's just not on - вы не можете сейчас отказаться - это просто
   невозможно; б) не получилось!; не вышло!
   hold on! - держись!
   come on! - ну, давай!, /пошли!, взяли!, начали!/
   keep your hair on! - спокойно!, не волнуйся!
  др. сочетания см. под соответствующими словами
3. [pn] prep
  1. в пространственном значении указывает на
  1) нахождение на чём-л. или на поверхности чего-л. на
   a city on the hill - город на холме
   a picture on the wall - картина на стене
   a painting on glass - рисунок на стекле
   on the surface of the water - на поверхности воды
   on page four - на четвёртой странице
   a ring on the finger - кольцо на пальце
   shoes on his feet - ботинки у него на ногах
   the look on his face - выражение его лица
   there was deep snow on the ground - земля была покрыта толстым слоем снега
  2) движение по поверхности по
   logs floating on the water - брёвна, плывущие по воде
   a fly walked on the ceiling - муха ползала/разгуливала/ по потолку
  3) направленность или место приложения действия на, в
   to kiss smb. on the lips /on the mouth/ - поцеловать кого-л. в губы
   to pat smb. on the hand - погладить кого-л. по руке
   to knock on the door - постучать в дверь
   to head on (to) the south - держать курс на юг
   the window opens on (to) the street - окно выходит на улицу
   to turn one's back on (to) smb. - a) повернуться к кому-л. спиной; б) не желать иметь дела с кем-л.
   he threw the papers on the table - он бросил бумаги на стол
   the light shone on us - свет падал на нас
  4) местонахождение или положение около или на границе чего-л. на; у, около
   on the Continent - на материке (не на Британских о-вах)
   on the horizon - на горизонте
   on the street - амер. на улице
   on the veranda(h) - на веранде
   on the border - на границе
   a cottage on a lake - домик у озера
   to border on smth. - граничить с чем-л.
   on the right - справа
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on the right side of the road - по правую сторону дороги houses on either side of the street - дома по обе стороны улицы a house on the main road - дом около /y/ главной дороги 5) нахождение на такой-то реке (в географических названиях) на Burton-on-Trent- Бертон-на-Тренте Stratford-on-Avon- Стратфорд-на-Эйвоне 6) части света на on the east - на востоке on the west - на западе 2. во временном значении указывает на 1) какой-л. день, момент времени в, на on Monday - в понедельник on Tuesday week - (ровно) через неделю во вторник, в следующий вторник on the next /following/ day - на следующий день on any day - в любой день on the day of my arrival - в день моего приезда on time - амер. точно, вовремя on the minute - минута в минуту on the instant - тотчас же on the point of - как раз we were on the point of leaving when he came - мы как раз собирались уходить, когда он пришёл 2) дату - передаётся род. падежом: on the 1st of May - первого мая on or about the 12th - примерно двенадцатого (числа) on and after the 15th - начиная с пятнадцатого (числа) включительно 3) часть дня в; передаётся тж. твор. падежом: on the morning of the 3rd of March - утром третьего марта on a rainy autumn evening - в дождливый осенний вечер, дождливым осенним вечером on a dark night - тёмной ночью 4) последовательность событий после, по; с герундием передаётся тж. деепричастием: on the death of his friend - после смерти его друга cash on delivery - с уплатой при доставке; наложенным платежом on reaching home - придя домой 5) одновременность событий во время; по on a trip - во время поездки /путешествия/ [ср. тж. 8, 3)] on his rounds - во время его обхода on his full age - по достижении им совершеннолетия 3. указывает на наличие чего-л. (при себе, с собой) у I have no money on me - у меня при себе нет денег, у меня нет денег с собой a pistol was found on him - у него нашли пистолет she has two babies on her arms - у неё двое малышей (на руках); она с двумя маленькими детьми 4. указывает на предмет переговоров, спора, тему книги, лекции и т. п. о, относительно по (поводу), на a decision [a debate] on smth. - решение [спор] по поводу чего-л. agreement on smth. - соглашение по какому-л. вопросу a book on birds - книга о птицах a satire on society - сатира на общество a lecture on history - лекции по истории to write [to speak, to dwell] on smth. - писать [говорить, распространяться] о чём-л. /на какую-л. тему/ 5. указывает на 1) условие на, при, в, под on certain conditions /terms/ - на определённых условиях on the condition that - при условии, что on such terms - на таких условиях on credit - в кредит on one's own responsibility - под свою личную ответственность to borrow money on mortgage - занимать деньги под закладную 2) основание, причину на, из, по, с, в; передаётся тж. твор. падежом: on account of - вследствие, из-за on no account - ни в коем случае on smb.'s advice - по чьему-л. совету on a charge of smth. - по обвинению в чём-л. on (medical) evidence - по /согласно/ (медицинским) данным on that ground ... - на том основании, что ... on an impulse - в порыве, повинуясь порыву on the occasion ot smth. - по случаю чего-л. on an order - по приказу, на основании приказа on principle - из принципа on purpose - с целью, специально, (пред)намеренно on suspicion - по подозрению to pride oneself on smth. - гордиться чем-л.

to congratulate smb. on smth. - поздравить кого-л. с чем-л. 3) источник из, по on hearsay - по слухам to have smth. on good authority - знать что-л из достоверных источников 4) источник дохода, предмет обложения налогом и т. п. с, на interest on one's capital - процент с капитала profit on the sale of - доход с продажи (чего-л.) tax on tobacco - налог на табак 6. указывает на 1) образ действия - передаётся тж. наречием (обыкн. с субстантивированным прилагательным): on the cheap - по дешёвке on the quiet - потихоньку, тайком on the sly - тайком on a sudden - внезапно all on a tremble - весь дрожа, в сильном волнении 2) способ передачи по on the telephone - по телефону on television - по телевидению to hear a song on the radio - услышать песню по радио 3) способ передвижения в, на; вместе с сущ. передаётся тж. наречием: on an ocean liner - на океанском лайнере on board a ship - на борту судна on a truck - на грузовике on a train - в поезде, поездом on horseback - верхом on tiptoe - на цыпочках on foot - пешком 4) *опору и т. п.* на on one's feet /legs/ - на ногах on one's knees - на коленях to spin /to turn/ on one's heel - повернуться на каблуках to lean on smb., smth. - опираться на кого-л., что-л. 7. указывает на 1) инструмент, орудие на; передаётся тж. твор. падежом: to play on an organ - играть на органе he played something on the violin - он сыграл что-то на скрипке to cut one's finger on a knife - порезать палец ножом to dry one's hands on a towel - вытереть руки полотенцем to count smth. on one's fingers - пересчитать что-л. по пальцам to take a dog on a lead - вести собаку на поводке

her dress caught on a nail - её одежда зацепилась за гвоздь

# 2) топливо и т. п. на

the machine works on oil - машина работаетна мазуте

# 8. указывает на

#### 1) сферу деятельности, работу в каком-л. учреждении, в комиссии и т. п. на, в

he was a broker on the exchange - он был биржевым маклером

to be on the committee - быть членом комитета

to be on the staff - быть в штате

to work on a paper - работатьв газете

he is on General Motors - он работаетв фирме «Дженерал моторс»

# 2) нахождение в составе, числе и т. п. в

to be on the list - быть в списке

on the programme - в программе

on the repertoire - в репертуаре

#### 3) пребывание в каком-л. состоянии, положении или на протекание процесса на, в, при

on leave - в отпуске

on sick-leave - на бюллетене

on half-pay - на половинном окладе

on trial - на испытании

on one's trial - под следствием

to be on strike - бастовать

to be on a trip - путешествовать [ср. тж. 2, 5)]

to be on fire - быть в огне, пылать

I'm back on pills - я снова сел на лекарства

# 4) занятость чем-л. в данное время на, по, в

on business - по делу; в командировке

to send smb. on an errand - послать кого-л. с поручением /с заданием, с миссией/

on duty - при исполнении служебных обязанностей, на дежурстве

# 5) характер отношений в, на

on good [bad] terms - в хороших [плохих] отношениях not to be on speaking terms with smb. - не разговаривать с кем-л. to be on a friendly footing with smb. - быть с кем-л. в дружеских отношениях

### 9. указывает на

# 1) средства существования на; передаётся тж. твор. падежом:

to live on one's earnings - жить на свой заработок

to live on one's parents' - быть на иждивении родителей

## 2) предметы питания на; передаётся тж. твор. падежом:

to live on vegetables - питаться овощами

they lunched on cutlets - на завтрак они ели котлеты

## 10. указывает на предмет расходов, траты и т. п. на

to spend money [time] on smth. - тратитьденьги [время] на что-л.

to put money on a horse - ставить на лошадь (на скачках)

#### 11. указывает на

# 1) объект действия к, на, над, для; передаётся тж. дат. и род. падежами:

to work on smth. - работатьнад чем-л.

to be fair [unfair] on smb. - быть справедливым [несправедливым] к кому-л.

pity on smb. - жалость к кому-л.

to have mercy on smb. - сжалиться над кем-л.

to take vengeance on smb. - отомстить кому-л.

an attack /an assault/ on smb., smth. - нападение на кого-л., что-л

to confer a degree on smb. - присвоить кому-л. учёную степень

to confer a reward on smb. - наградить кого-л.

to impose a fine on smb. - наложить штрафна кого-л.

to complain /to tell/ on smb. - жаловаться /доносить/ на кого-л.

a burden on smb. - обуза для кого-л.

a strain on smb. - напряжение для кого-л.

hard work told on him - тяжёлая работа сказалась на нём

he was operated on - ему сделали операцию

I am on a new novel - я работаю над новым романом

it was hard kick on him - ему не повезло

# 2) лицо или учреждение, на которое выписан чек, куплены или заказаны билеты на

a check on a bank - чек на банк

two-way tickets on you and the whole team - билетытуда и обратно на вас и всю команду /для вас и для всей команды/

#### 3) лицо, испытывающее неприятность, боль и т. п.:

she locked the door on him - она заперлась от него

don't hang up on me - не вздумай повесить трубку

don't die on me, please! -  $\cong$  смотри, не умирай; не вздумай у меня умереть!

## 12. употребляется после

#### 1) глаголов со значением полагаться, основываться, влиять и т. п. на, от

to rely [to count] on smb., smth. - полагаться [рассчитывать] на кого-л., что-л.

to depend on smb., smth. - зависеть от кого-л., чего-л.

# 2) прилагательных и причастий прошедшего времени (в предикативе), указывая на направленность интересов на что-л., склонность к чему-л., решимость - часто передаётся твор. падежом:

to be keen /mad/ on music - страстно увлекаться музыкой

he was bent /determined/ on making money - он поставил себе целью разбогатеть

# 13. указывает на неоднократное повторение за

mile on mile - миля за милей

loss on loss - потеря за потерей, одна потеря за другой

# 14. указывает на приблизительность, неточность почти, около

just on a year ago - так около года назад

just on £5 - почти пять фунтов

#### 15. уст. указывает на переход в какое-л. состояние:

to fall on sleep - заснуть

# 16. в сочетаниях:

on the contrary - наоборот

on an /the/ average- в среднем

on the whole - в общем

on the one hand - с одной стороны

on the other hand - с другой стороны

on the spot - cpasy

they hired him on the spot - они сразу же наняли его на работу

it put me on the spot - pase. это поставило меня в неприятное положение

on behalf of - от лица, от имени

on behalf of the company - от имени компании

on smb.'s part - с чьей-л. стороны

on one's own - один; без посторонней помощи

from then on you will be on your own - с этого момента ты будешь предоставлен сам себе /тебе никто не будет помогать/ on my word of honour - (под) честное слово

to have smth. on smb. - амер. a) иметь преимущество перед кем-л.; б) разг. иметь что-л. против кого-л.

I have nothing on him - a) я ничего против него не имею; б) у меня нет на него компрометирующего материала to drop in on smb. - *pase*. заходить /забегать/ к кому-л. to be on smb. - *pase*. подойти вплотную к кому-л. you can't see him until you're on him - вы не увидите его, пока не подойдёте к нему вплотную this is on me - за это плачу я to take it out on smb. - сваливать на кого-л.

др. сочетания см. под соответствующими словами

don't take it out on me, it's not my fault - не сваливайте на меня, я не виноват

# on

Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

**on** preposition, adverb BrE [pn] \*\* NAmE [ $a\square \mathring{h}$  \*\* NAmE [ $a\square \mathring{h}$  \*\* NAmE [ $a\square \mathring{h}$  \*\*

preposition For the special uses of **on** in phrasal verbs, look at the entries for the verbs. For example **turn on sb** is in the phrasal verb section at **turn**.

# 1. in or into a position covering touching or forming part of a surface

- a picture on a wall
- · There's a mark on your skirt.
- the diagram on page 5
- · Put it down on the table.
- · He had been hit on the head.
- · She climbed on to the bed. This could also be written
- · onto the bed

## 2. supported by sb/sth

- · She was standing on one foot.
- · Try lying on your back.
- Hang your coat on that hook.

#### 3. used to show a means of transport

- He was on the plane from New York.
- · to travel on the bus/tube/coach
- · I came on my bike.
- · a woman on horseback

## 4. used to show a day or date

- He came on Sunday.
- · We meet on Tuesdays.
- · on May the first/the first of May
- · on the evening of May the first
- on one occasion
- · on your birthday

#### 5. immediately after sth

- On arriving home I discovered they had gone.
- · Please report to reception on arrival
- There was a letter waiting for him on his return.

#### 6. about sth/sb

- · a book on South Africa
- · She tested us on irregular verbs.

# 7. being carried by sb; in the possession of sb

- · Have you got any money on you?
- 8. used to show that sb belongs to a group or an organization
  - to be on the committee/staff/jury/panel
  - Whose side are you on (= which of two or more different views do you support)?

## 9. eating or drinking sth; using a drug or a medicine regularly

- · He lived on a diet of junk food.
- The doctor put me on antibiotics.

## 10. used to show direction

- on the left/right
- · He turned his back on us.

# 11. at or near a place

- · a town on the coast
- a house on the Thames
- · We lived on an estate.

#### 12. used to show the basis or reason for sth

- a story based on fact
- On their advice I applied for the job.

## 13. paid for by sth

- · to live on a pension/a student grant
- to be on a low wage
- You can't feed a family on £50 a week.
- Drinks are on me (= I am paying).

# 14. by means of sth; using sth

- She played a tune on her guitar.
- The information is available on the Internet.

# We spoke on the phone.

- What's on TV?
- The programme's on Channel 4.

#### 15. used with some nouns or adjectives to say who or what is affected by sth

- · a ban on smoking
- · He's hard on his kids.
- Go easy on the mayo! (= do not take / give me too much)

#### **16.** compared with sb/sth

- · Sales are up on last year.
- 17. used to describe an activity or a state
  - to be on business/holiday/vacation
  - · The book is currently on loan.

## 18. used when giving a telephone number

- You can get me on 020 7946 0887.
- She's on extension 2401.

#### Word Origin:

Old English on, an, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch aan and German an, from an Indo-European root shared by Greek ana.

<u>Idioms:</u> †it isn't on = †on about something = †on and on = on at somebody = †on for something = †what are you on? = †you're on

adverb For the special uses of **on** in phrasal verbs, look at the entries for the verbs. For example **get on** is in the phrasal verb section at **get**.

- 1. used to show that sth continues
  - · He worked on without a break.
  - · If you like a good story, read on.

## 2. used to show that sb/sth moves or is sent forward

- She stopped for a moment, then walked on.
- · Keep straight on for the beach.
- From then on he nevertrusted her again.
- · Please send the letter on to my new address.

#### 3. on sb's body; being worn

- · Put your coat on.
- I didn't have my glasses on.
- What did she have on (= what was she wearing)?

#### 4. covering, touching or forming part of sth

· Make sure the lid is on.

# 5. connected or operating; being used

- · The lights were all on.
- The TV is always on in their house.
- We were without electricity for three hours but it's on again now.

#### 6. happening

- There was a war on at the time.
- · What's on at the movies?
- The band are on (= performing) in ten minutes.

# 7. planned to take place in the future

- The game is still on (= it has not been cancelled) .
- I don't think we've got anything on this weekend.
- I'm sorry we can't come— we've got a lot on .

#### 8. on duty; working

· I'm on now till 8 tomorrow morning.

## 9. in or into a vehicle

- The bus stopped and four people got on.
- · They hurried on to the plane.

# see also †onto

more at off and on/on and off at off adv

# Word Origin:

[on] Old English on, an, of Germanic origin; related to Dutch aan and German an, from an Indo-European root shared by Greek ana.

#### [UII] Old LI

I. on¹ S1 W1 /pn \$ a □ n,p □ h BrE AmE preposition

[Language: Old English]

## 1. ON A SURFACE

## a) touching a surface or being supported by a surface:

- Leave your things on the table overthere.
- People were sunbathing on the grass.
- The little girl was sitting on her father's shoulders.

b) used to say that someone or something moves so that they are then touching or supported by a surface:

Longman DOCE 5th Ed. (En-En)

- snow falling on the mountainsides
- He threw himself on the bed.

# 2. SUPPORTING YOUR BODY used to say what part of someone's body is touching the ground or another surface and supporting their weight:

- She was on her feet in no time.
- He was on his hands and knees searching for something.
- Can you stand on your head?

#### PART HIT/TOUCHED used to say what part of someone or something is hit or touched:

- I wanted to punch him on the nose.
- Matt kissed her on the cheek.

#### 4. WRITTEN/SHOWN used to say where something is written or shown:

- There's a diagram on page 25.
- He wrote his phone number on a piece of paper.

## **5**. **ATTACHED** attached to or hanging from something:

- She hung her coat on a hook.
- Dogs must be kept on a lead at all times.

## 6. PLACE in a particular place:

- The town is right on the border.
- Is there a water supply on the island?
- He grew up on a ranch in California.
- a store on Fifth Avenue

#### 7. POSITION in a particular position in relation to something else:

- You'll see the school on your left.
- They live on the opposite side of the town.

#### **8**. **LOOKING/POINTING** looking or pointing towards something or someone:

- His eyes were on the stranger standing in the doorway.
- She trained her binoculars on the house.

#### 9. DAY/DATE during a particular day:

- They'll be here on Tuesday.
- I was born on July 1st.
- We'll see you on Christmas Eve.

#### **GRAMMAR**

## Do not use **on** before 'this', 'last', or 'next' and a day of the week:

The school reopened last Tuesday (NOT on last Tuesday).

## 10. AFFECTING/RELATING TO affecting or relating to someone or something:

- a tax on cigarettes
- his influence on young people
- There will be new restrictions on the sale of weapons.
- What effect will these changes have on the tourist industry?

#### **11**. **ABOUT** about a particular subject:

- Do you have any books on India?
- You can get information on local services by calling this number.
- an international conference on global warming

## 12. ORDERS/ADVICE as a result of someone's order, request, or advice:

- He was killed on the King's orders.
- I accepted the offer on the advice of my lawyer.

# 13. EAT/DRINK used to talk about what someone usually eats or drinks:

- They live mainly on beans, lentils, and rice.
- Is your baby on solid food yet?

# 14. TRANSPORT

#### a) in or into a bus, train, plane etc OPP off:

- Did you manage to sleep on the plane?
- Tommy should be on the six o'clock train.
- She got on the first bus that came along.

## b) riding something:

- a statue of the King on horseback
- I'll probably come on my bike.

## **15**. **MONEY** receiving money for a job or as a regular payment:

- He's on quite a good salary now.
- She must be on at least £50,000 a year.
- the difficulties faced by families on low incomes

# **16**. **FUEL** using a particular type of <sup>↑</sup>fuel or power:

- Most buses run on diesel.
- Does it work on mains electricity?

## 17. MEDICINE/DRUGS taking a particular drug or medicine regularly OPP off:

- Are you still on antibiotics?
- The doctor put her on Prozac.
- A lot of these kids are on heroin by the age of 12.
- 18. what's somebody on? spoken used to say that someone is behaving in a very strange way, as if they are taking an illegal drug

**19**. **USING EQUIPMENT** using a machine or piece of equipment:

He's been on the computer all afternoon.

Is Rachel still on the phone?

20. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS playing a musical instrument:

He played a short piece on the piano.

The album features Rick Wakeman on keyboards.

**21**. **RADIO/TELEVISION** being broadcast by radio or television:

What's on TV tonight?

Did you hear that programme on the radio last night?

22. RECORDED used to say in what form information is stored or music, films etc are recorded:

The movie is now available on video and DVD.

I always keep a backup copy on disk.

23. ACTIVITY/JOURNEY taking part in an activity or travelling somewhere:

She's on a course all this week.

I met him on vacation in Canada.

My girlfriend is often away on business trips.

24. INCLUDED included in a group or team of people or in a list:

Are you still on the management committee?

Mr Edwards is no longer on the staff here.

Whose team are you on?

There was no steak on the menu.

What's the next item on the agenda?

25. WHEN SOMETHING HAPPENS formal as soon as someone has done something or as soon as something has happened:

Couples are presented with a bottle of wine on their arrival at the hotel.

All patients are examined on admission to the hospital.

#### on doing something

What was your reaction on seeing him?

26. COMPARED WITH SOMETHING compared with another person or thing:

This essay is a definite improvement on your last one.

Sales are 10% up on last year.

27. CARRYING SOMETHING informal if you have something on you, you have it in your pocket, your bag etc:

I don't have any money on me.

28. PAY be on somebody spoken used to say who is going to pay for something:

The drinks are on me!

Each table will get a bottle of champagne on the house (=paid for by the restaurant, hotel etc).

29. TELEPHONE NUMBER used to say what number you should use in order to telephone someone SYN at American English:

You can contact me on this number.

**30**. **CAUSING SOMEBODY PROBLEMS** used when something bad happens to you, for example when something you are using suddenly stops working, or someone you have a relationship with suddenly leaves you:

Suddenly the telephone went dead on me.

Dorothy's first husband walked out on her.

# **THESAURUS**

- about used when saying what the subject of something is: She's always talking about you. | In her novels she writes about life in South Africa. | There's something I wanted to ask you about.
- on about a particular subject: a book on English grammar | a report on poverty in rural areas
- **concerning/regarding** *formal* **about**: Prince Saiid answered questions concerning Kuwait's future. | The report raises a number of questions regarding food safety.
- with regard to formal about used especially when you want to start talking or writing about something: Dear Sir, I'm writing with regard to your advertisement in The Times.
- re used in business letters and in emails to introduce the subject that you are going to write about: Re: Friday's meeting
- **II.** on 2 S1 W1 BrE \* AmE \* adjective, adverb [not before noun]
  - 1. CONTINUING used to say that someone continues to do something or something continues to happen, without stopping:

We decided to play on even though it was snowing.

He went on and on (=talked for a very long time) about his job all evening.

2. FURTHER if you move, walk etc on, you move forward or further towards something:

If you walk on a little, you can see the coast.

We drove on towards Manchester.

3. LATER later than or after a particular time:

Now, 40 years on, this is one of the most successful theatres in the country.

From that moment on I never believed a word she said.

4. WEARING SOMETHING if you have something on, you are wearing it:

All he had on was a pair of tattered shorts.

Put your coat on. It's freezing outside.

**5**. **ATTACHED** used to say that something is attached to something else, especially when it is in the correct position **OPP off**:

Is the cover on properly?

Remember to put the lid back on.

**6**. **WRITTEN** used to say that something is written somewhere:

He was wearing a badge with his name on.

7. TRANSPORT in or into a bus, train etc OPP off:

The train stopped and two people got on. 8. LIGHT/MACHINE if a machine, light etc is on, it is operating OPP off: Who left all the lights on? The TV's on, but nobody seems to be watching it. He sat down at the desk and switched on the computer. 9. BEING BROADCAST if a radio or television programme etc is on, it is being broadcast: What time is 'Star Trek' on? 10. EVENTS if an event is on, it has been arranged and is happening or will happen OPP off: The transport union has confirmed that the strike is definitely on. I'd avoid the city centre - there's some kind of procession on. Is the party still on tonight or have they cancelled it? 11. PERFORMING/SPEAKING performing or speaking in public: You're on in two minutes. 12. WORKING if you are on at a particular time, you are doing your job at that time: I'm not on again until two o'clock tomorrow. 13. have something on informal if you have something on, there is something that you must do: I haven't got anything on tomorrow, so I could see you then. We've got a lot on at the moment. **14.** on and off (also off and on) for short periods but not regularly over a long period of time: He's been smoking for ten years now, on and off. 15. be/go/keep on at somebody informal to keep complaining to someone or asking someone to do something, especially when this annoys them: I've been on at him to fix that cupboard for weeks now. I wish you wouldn't go on at me the whole time! 16. be/go/keep on about something British English informal to keep talking about something, in a way that is boring or annoying: He's always going on about money. I don't know what you're on about! 17. be not on British English spoken if something is not on, it is not acceptable or reasonable: I'm sorry, what you're suggesting is just not on! **18.** be on for something spoken to be ready or willing to do something that someone has suggested: Right, how many of you are on for a drink after work? 19. you're on spoken used to tell someone that you accept a 1bet or an invitation to compete against them: 'I bet you £20 he won't turn up.' 'You're on!' ⇒ <sup>↑</sup>onto Freakuency Pack <sub>12500</sub>15MCW 15000 17 COCA RANGE: 1k ON 2900796 on 2855364 onto 45432 COCA 500k Unlemmatized 166143**17**<sup>2560560</sup> ii 85538**153**<sup>234390</sup> rp <sub>14312</sub>**2258**<sup>18915</sup> *ii31* 9365**3713**10951 ii22 8776**3997**10087 ii21 <sub>5643</sub>**5126**<sup>7466</sup> rr33 4593**6392**5678 ii41 3278**7651**4481 rl21 1291**16927**1411 rt33 472**30824**531 nn1 353**35942**<sup>406</sup> jj <sub>121</sub>**51804**<sup>209</sup> nnu 105**72136**110 rr22 <sub>106</sub>**73185**<sup>107</sup> *jj***22** 

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