sequester

[sı'kwestə] v юр.

1) секвестровать; налагать арест (на что-л.)

2) завладевать (чем-л.); конфисковать (что-л.)

sequester

se quester [sequester sequesters sequestered sequestering] BrE [si'kweste(r)]

NAmE [sɪ'kwestər] verb(law)

1. = [†]sequestrate

2. ~ sb to keep a [†]jury together in a place, in order to prevent them from talking to other people about a court case, or learning about it in the newspapers, on television, etc.

Verb forms: verb forms

present simple	
1 / you / we /they	sequester
	BrE /s1 'kweste(r)/
	NAmE /si'kwestar/
he / she /it	sequesters
	BrE /s1 'kwestaz/
	NAmE /s: 'kwestarz/
past simple, past participle	sequestered
	BrE /sz 'kwested/
	NAmE /s1 'kwestard/
-ing form	sequestering
	BrE /s1 'kwester m/
	NAmE /si 'kwestarin/

Word Origin:

late Middle English: from Old French sequestrer or late Latin sequestrare 'commit for safe keeping', from Latin sequester 'trustee'.

sequester

I. sequesiter /sɪ'kwestə \$ -ər/ BrE AmE verb [transitive usually passive] formal

[Date: 1300-1400; Language: Old French; Origin: sequestrer, from Late Latin sequestrare 'to give to someone to keep safe', from Latin sequester 'someone given something to keep safe']

1. to keep a person or a group of people away from other people:

The jury were sequestered during the trial.

2. British English to sequestrate

II. se ques trate /sɪ'kwestreɪt, 'si kwəł BrE AmE (also se ques telsı'kwestə \$ -ər/) verb [transitive usually passive] British English formal

[Date: 1400-1500, Language: Late Latin; Origin: sequestrare; ⇒ [↑]sequester]

to take property away from the person it belongs to because they have not paid their debts —sequestration /,si kwa strean, si kwa strean/noun [uncountable and countable]

sequester

12500 12460^{MCW} 15000 8022^{COCA} RANGE: 12k SEQUESTER ¹¹⁶⁵ sequester ¹⁸⁵ sequestered ⁵¹⁰ sequesters ¹¹ sequestering ⁸⁵ sequestration ³⁷⁴ sequestrations ⁰ COCA 500k Unlemmatized ₁₄₅55286¹⁸⁵ nn1 Oxford Advanced Learners Dictionary 8th Ed.

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